

Mike LiPetri (NY-03) Research Report

Significant Findings

LiPetri Was Implicated In A Sketchy Financial Scheme Alongside Santos, Whose Campaign He Appeared To Have Contributed To

- ✓ 2021: LiPetri and Santos reportedly approached a campaign donor with a scheme for him to open an LLC for an unnamed Polish citizen to buy cryptocurrency.
 - LiPetri and Santos would only provide more details to the donor if the donor signed an NDA.
 - When The New York Times asked LiPetri for comment on the scheme in July and December 2023, he refused or sought to downplay his involvement.
- ✓ November 2022: LiPetri appeared to have contributed \$500 to Santos' campaign.

NOTE: It is possible the contribution was from LiPetri's father, who is also named Michael LiPetri and registered to vote at the same address as LiPetri. LiPetri's contribution to Santos did not include disclosure of an occupation or employer as required.

Like Santos, LiPetri Exaggerated His Resume

- ✓ While serving in the New York Assembly, LiPetri's bio stated he worked for county, state, and federal prosecutors.
- ✓ While campaigning, LiPetri reportedly had "successfully prosecuted or aided the prosecution of criminals" while working for prosecutors.
- ✓ May 2020: LiPetri clarified to Newsday that he was an unpaid legal intern with prosecutors before he became a barred attorney.

LiPetri Voted Against Protecting Abortion Rights In New York, Is Running On The Anti-Choice Conservative Party Platform, Indicated His Support For Overturning Roe, Voted Against Requiring Insurance Companies To Cover Contraception, And Praised Radical Anti-Choice Speaker Mike Johnson

- ✓ 2019: LiPetri voted against New York's Reproductive Health Act, which codified Roe in New York and decriminalized abortion.
 - LiPetri said the law was "in no way helping a woman's health."
- ✓ 2024: LiPetri filed to run for Congress on the Conservative Party line, which endorsed banning abortion in New York even in cases of rape and incest.

- ✓ May 2022: LiPetri said of Roe potentially being overturned, “I’ve always said, and this is what many other critics have said too, is this is a federalism issue. [...] Judges are meant to interpret the law, not make the law.”
- ✓ 2019: In the New York Assembly, LiPetri voted against requiring insurance coverage for contraception.
- ✓ December 2023: LiPetri praised Speaker Mike Johnson, who cosponsored a national abortion ban without any exceptions.

LiPetri Opposed Gun Safety Measures, Managed A Lobbying Firm That Represented The Gun Industry, And Has Voted Against Funding Public Safety Programs, Including More Than \$1.7 Billion In Police Funding

- ✓ In the New York Assembly, LiPetri voted against bills to expand background checks, establish court-ordered extreme risk protection orders against dangerous people having guns, and prohibit non-law enforcement school employees from bringing guns to school grounds.
- ✓ 2019: When asked if he supported banning AR-15s, LiPetri said a ban on long guns would be “inhibiting people’s rights.”
- ✓ LiPetri was Managing Director of a lobbying firm while the “official trade association of the firearms industry” paid the firm hundreds of thousands of dollars.
- ✓ During his 2020 congressional primary, LiPetri was “proudly” endorsed by the NRA.
- ✓ LiPetri voted against two budgets that included more than \$1.7 billion in funding for the New York State Police.
- ✓ LiPetri voted against a budget allocating \$1 million for local crime reduction and gang violence prevention on Long Island.

LiPetri Would Jeopardize Social Security And Voted Against A Law To Protect Nursing Home Residents From Abuse

- ✓ December 2023: LiPetri said it was “great” to see Johnson at an event, adding, “2024 is all about more victories for Long Island and America!”
- ✓ As Chair of the Republican Study Committee, Johnson backed raising the Social Security and Medicare eligibility ages.
 - Raising the Social Security eligibility age would force lower- and middle-income older Americans to accept permanently lower payments when they retire, amounting to a cut.

- Raising the Medicare eligibility age would force older Americans to delay retirement, go underinsured, or pay into expensive marketplace plans, threatening their health and financial stability.
- ✓ LiPetri’s campaign accepted thousands in contributions from politicians calling for the repeal of provisions that lower prescription drug costs for seniors, including the insulin price cap and allowing Medicare to negotiate drug prices, and cutting Social Security.
- ✓ 2019: LiPetri voted against a law requiring the reporting of misuse of nursing home residents’ property.

LiPetri And Trump Endorsed One Another, With LiPetri Calling His Felony Conviction “Ridiculous”

- ✓ LiPetri touted his vote for Trump in March 2024 and Trump endorsed LiPetri’s campaign in June 2024.
- ✓ May 2024: LiPetri called Trump’s conviction on 34 felony charges “ridiculous!”

LiPetri Questioned The Integrity Of American Elections And Praised The Architect Of House Republicans’ Efforts To Overturn The Results Of The 2020 Election

- ✓ July 2023: On his podcast, LiPetri said “questions about elections that are being brought up” is part of “where the unraveling of our democracy begins. And that cannot stand.”
- ✓ LiPetri praised Johnson, the “most important architect” of House Republicans’ attempt to overturn the 2020 election.

LiPetri Opposed State Budgets That Funded Water Infrastructure, Long Island Schools, And LIRR Improvements

- ✓ 2019: LiPetri criticized “dangerous and radical provisions” of the state’s budget, which allocated \$500 million for water infrastructure, \$600 million for Long Island schools, and funded LIRR repairs.
- ✓ 2020: LiPetri voted against state budgets that allocated \$550 million for water quality improvement, \$2 million for Long Island after school programs, \$500,000 for the Long Island Pre-K initiative, and \$3 million to LIRR upgrades.

LiPetri Backed Republicans’ Hyperpartisan Efforts To Cut Federal Spending Across The Board, Which Would Have Limited Veterans’ Access To Health Care, Cut Nutritional Services And Schools, And Left Half A Million Americans Uninsured

- ✓ April 2023: LiPetri said he supported “qualifications and conditions” on federal government spending like those proposed in House Republicans’ debt limit deal.
- ✓ House Republicans’ debt limit proposal, the Default on America Act, would have cut federal government spending by 22 percent across the board, limiting veterans’ access to health care, cutting school funding, and leaving half a million Americans uninsured.

LiPetri Rejected The Bipartisan Border Security Deal Endorsed By The Border Patrol Union And Instead Touted A Hyperpartisan, Ineffective Bill

- ✓ LiPetri opposed the bipartisan border security bill negotiated in the Senate and endorsed by the border patrol union, which Trump urged Republicans to kill to avoid granting Democrats a political win.
- ✓ LiPetri pledged to support HR 2, a hyperpartisan bill that would roll back effective means of preventing illegal immigration.
 - HR 2 would roll back effective means of limiting illegal immigration, including programs allowing people fleeing violence to enter the U.S. with American sponsorship rather than through illegal border crossings.
 - HR 2 would not hire more immigration judges, the primary cause of New York’s immigration court backlog.

LiPetri Served One Term In The New York Assembly, Lost A Congressional Primary, Then Became A Lobbyist

- ✓ 2018: LiPetri was elected to the New York Assembly in his first run for public office.
- ✓ 2020: LiPetri ran in the NY-02 congressional primary, which he lost by nearly 30 points.
- ✓ LiPetri did not run for reelection to the New York Assembly.
- ✓ January 2021: LiPetri became a lobbyist.

LiPetri Was Implicated In A Sketchy Financial Scheme Alongside Santos, Whose Campaign He Appeared To Have Contributed To

2021: LiPetri And Santos Approached A Campaign Donor To Open An LLC To Help An Unnamed Polish Citizen Buy Cryptocurrency And Later Sought To Downplay His Role In The Scheme

2021: LiPetri And Santos Approached A Campaign Donor To Open An LLC To Help An Unnamed Polish Citizen Buy Cryptocurrency, But Would Only Provide More Details If The Donor Signed An NDA

7/26/23: New York Times Headline: “How George Santos Used Political Connections To Fuel Get-Rich Schemes” [New York Times, [7/26/23](#)]

In 2021, Santos And Three Other Men Approached A Campaign Donor To Open An LLC Which They Said Would Help An Unnamed Polish Citizen Unfreeze Assets To Purchase Cryptocurrency. “About a year before George Santos was elected to Congress, he and three other men approached a loyal campaign donor with a potentially lucrative opportunity. A wealthy Polish citizen wanted to buy cryptocurrency, they said, but for reasons unclear, his fortune was frozen in a bank account. They asked the donor, a wealthy investor in his own right, for help. The donor was immediately skeptical. He was not told the Polish citizen’s name. The men’s plan — having

the donor create a limited liability company to gain access to the funds — made no sense to him. And while they hadn't yet asked for money, he was struck by how much their pitch resembled the classic Nigerian prince email scheme, in which a rich, potentially fictitious, foreigner asks an outsider to help free up frozen assets." [New York Times, [7/26/23](#)]

- **Santos Partnered With Former Republican Assemblyman Mike LiPetri And Bryant Park Associates, A Firm Run By Campaign Donor Dominick Sartorio.** "The proposition involving the wealthy Polish national is a prime example, as Mr. Santos partnered with a former Republican state assemblyman, Michael LiPetri; and Bryant Park Associates, a company run by a Republican donor, Dominick Sartorio, according to the investor, who spoke on the condition of anonymity because he said his business interests would be harmed if he was publicly associated with Mr. Santos." [New York Times, [7/26/23](#)]
- **Santos And The Other Men Stopped Talks Of The Proposal With The Campaign Donor After He Asked For Changes To A Non-Disclosure Agreement That They Asked Him To Sign.** "The interaction was so strange that the donor said he was uncertain if Mr. Santos and his partners were themselves being conned. He asked for more information, but was told to first sign a nondisclosure agreement. Three of their names appeared on the agreement, which was reviewed by The Times. When the investor asked for changes to the nondisclosure form, the talks ended." [New York Times, [7/26/23](#)]
- **Santos' Lawyer Said That Santos "Only Made The Introductions. End Of Story," And Added That He Had "No Information" About The Polish Man's Identity.** "The congressman's lawyer, Joseph Murray, said that Mr. LiPetri had connected Mr. Santos to Bryant Park Associates, which represented the Polish citizen. 'Mr. Santos only made the introductions. End of story,' Mr. Murray said, adding that he had 'no information' about the Polish man's identity." [New York Times, [7/26/23](#)]

2023: LiPetri Repeatedly Attempted To Downplay His Role In The Scheme

July 2023: LiPetri "Sought To Minimize His Role In The Venture," Saying He Was Not Involved "In Detail." "Mr. LiPetri, now a lobbyist at the firm Park Strategies, sought to minimize his role in the venture, saying that while he was aware of Mr. Santos's efforts, he was not involved 'in detail,' and suggested that no deals ultimately materialized." [New York Times, [7/26/23](#)]

December 2023: LiPetri Did Not Respond To The New York Times' Request For Comment On The Scheme. "The New York Times reported last summer that Mr. LiPetri worked with Mr. Santos to approach a campaign donor with an unusual proposition. They asked the donor to create a limited liability company to help a wealthy unnamed Polish citizen buy cryptocurrency while his fortune was evidently frozen in a bank account. The deal never went through. Mr. LiPetri, who sought to play down his role when The Times initially disclosed his involvement, did not respond to requests for comment." [New York Times, [12/8/23](#)]

November 2022: LiPetri Appeared To Have Contributed \$500 To Santos' Campaign

November 2022: LiPetri Contributed \$500 To Santos' Campaign. [FEC, Receipt Search, [11/3/22](#)]

**Note: LiPetri's father is also named Michael LiPetri, and may also live at LiPetri's address as disclosed to the FEC. LiPetri's contribution to Santos did not include an occupation or employer, so it is possible it was contributed by LiPetri's father*

Like Santos, LiPetri Exaggerated His Resume

May 2020: Newsday's The Point Headline: "Internalizing Mike LiPetri's Resume For CD2" [Newsday, The Point, [5/12/20](#)]

LiPetri's Assembly Biography Stated He "Worked In The United States Attorney's Office For The Eastern District Of New York, Albany County District Attorney's Office, And The Attorney General Of The State Of New York." "That hasn't left a lot of time for work experience. You wouldn't know it, though, looking at the Massapequa Republican's Assembly biography, which notes his work defending 'the City and its agencies including the NYPD, FDNY, and correctional officers,' plus some other high-profile offices: 'Mike also worked in the United States Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of New York, Albany County District Attorney's Office, and the Attorney General of the State of New York.' The first part describes the type of work LiPetri did as part of the New York City Law Department, where he worked from August 2015 to December 2016. He later moved to the firm Rivkin Radler. The other prestigious posts are roles in which LiPetri was an intern while in law school. LiPetri told The Point that he did real work during those intern gigs, from drafting motions to conducting hearings and prosecuting a bench trial, which law enforcement officials said was possible in such positions with appropriate supervision. But he said he wasn't paid, and he was still in training: 'I wasn't a barred attorney yet.'" [Newsday, The Point, [5/12/20](#)]

- **2018: The Islip Bulletin Reported LiPetri "Has Successfully Prosecuted Or Aided The Prosecution Of Criminals For Tax Fraud, Drug Trafficking And Disability Discrimination" While Working For The U.S. Attorney's Office For The Eastern District Of New York, Albany County District Attorney, And The New York Attorney General.** "LiPetri has successfully prosecuted or aided the prosecution of criminals for tax fraud, drug trafficking and disability discrimination while working for the United States Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of New York, Albany County District Attorney and the Attorney General of the State of New York." [Islip Bulletin, [10/11/18](#)]

May 2020: LiPetri Told Newsday That He Was An Unpaid Intern At The Prosecutors' Offices During Law School, Saying "I Wasn't A Barred Attorney Yet." "That hasn't left a lot of time for work experience. You wouldn't know it, though, looking at the Massapequa Republican's Assembly biography, which notes his work defending 'the City and its agencies including the NYPD, FDNY, and correctional officers,' plus some other high-profile offices: 'Mike also worked in the United States Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of New York, Albany County District Attorney's Office, and the Attorney General of the State of New York.' The first part describes the type of work LiPetri did as part of the New York City Law Department, where he worked from August 2015 to December 2016. He later moved to the firm Rivkin Radler. The other prestigious posts are roles in which LiPetri was an intern while in law school. LiPetri told The Point that he did real work during those intern gigs, from drafting motions to conducting hearings and prosecuting a bench trial, which law enforcement officials said was possible in such positions with appropriate supervision. But he said he wasn't paid, and he was still in training: 'I wasn't a barred attorney yet.'" [Newsday, The Point, [5/12/20](#)]

Newsday: A Welcome Notice To LiPetri At Rivkin Radler Did Not Label His Work With Prosecutors As Internships. "The Assembly bio's inclusion of work not labeled as internships mirrors a resume he has distributed in the past. A 2017 professional welcome notice from Rivkin Radler noting LiPetri's work experience leaves out the internships." [Newsday, The Point, [5/12/20](#)]

LiPetri: "I Don't Misrepresent Anything." "A 2017 professional welcome notice from Rivkin Radler noting LiPetri's work experience leaves out the internships. 'I don't misrepresent anything,' LiPetri said, adding that what the internships signify is his 'dedication' to public service." [Newsday, The Point, [5/12/20](#)]

2013 – 2014: LiPetri Was A Legal Intern And Clerk, Including For Federal And County Prosecutors, According To His LinkedIn. [Mike LiPetri, LinkedIn, accessed [8/27/24](#)]



Mike LiPetri
Managing Director at Park Strategies LLC

**Judicial Extern**

Honorable Christian F. Hummel, U.S. Magistrate Judge, U.S. District Court, NDNY
Aug 2014 - Dec 2014 · 5 mos

**Law Intern**

United States Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of New York
Jun 2014 - Aug 2014 · 3 mos

**Law extern**

Albany County District Attorney's Office
Jan 2014 - Apr 2014 · 4 mos

**Law Clerk**

Wilson Elser
Sep 2013 - Jan 2014 · 5 mos

**Legal Intern**

Albany Law School-Introduction to Litigation Clinic
Aug 2013 - Dec 2013 · 5 mos

**Legal Intern**

New York State Department of Law, Office of the Attorney General-Litigation Bureau
Jun 2013 - Aug 2013 · 3 mos

**Intern**

CSEA
Jan 2012 - Jun 2012 · 6 mos

**Legislative Intern**

New York State Assembly
Jan 2011 - May 2011 · 5 mos

[Mike LiPetri, LinkedIn, accessed [8/27/24](#)]

January 2016: LiPetri Was Admitted To The New York Bar. [New York State Unified Court System, Attorney Online Services – Search, Registration # 5395058, admitted [1/21/16](#)]

Attorney Detail Report as of 12/09/2023

Registration Number:	5395058
Name:	MICHAEL JOHN LIPETRI
Business Name:	
Business Address:	Not on File
Business Phone:	
Email:	
Date Admitted:	01/21/2016
Appellate Division Department of Admission:	3rd
Law School:	ALBANY LAW SCHOOL OF UNION UNIVERSITY
Registration Status:	Attorney - Currently Registered
Next Registration:	Jul 2024

[New York State Unified Court System, Attorney Online Services – Search, Registration # 5395058, admitted [1/21/16](#)]

LiPetri Voted Against Protecting Abortion Rights In New York, Ran On The Anti-Choice Conservative Party Platform, Suggested Support For Overturning Roe, Voted Against Requiring Insurance Companies To Cover Contraception, And Praised Radical Anti-Choice Speaker Johnson

2019: LiPetri Voted Against Protecting Abortion Rights In New York, Which He Said Would “In No Way [Help] A Woman’s Health”

LiPetri Voted Against The Reproductive Health Act, Which Decriminalized Abortion And Codified Roe V. Wade In New York Law. On January 22, 2019, LiPetri voted “No” on S00240, also known as the “Reproductive Health Act.” According to Planned Parenthood, “Now, with a new pro-sexual and reproductive health majority elected to the Senate, this long-overdue legislation has finally been enacted into law. Since 1973, a pregnant person has had the right to have an abortion after 24 weeks of pregnancy if their health or life is at risk, or their pregnancy is not viable. But prior to the passage of RHA, abortion laws were housed in criminal code, making many providers in New York wary of providing care past 24 weeks regardless of circumstances. The RHA simply enshrines this protection into New York state law.” The bill passed the Assembly 95-49, and was signed into law on January 22, 2019. [New York State Assembly, S00240, Introduced [1/9/19](#); Planned Parenthood Action, [2/5/19](#)]

LiPetri Said The Reproductive Health Act Was “In No Way Helping A Woman’s Health.” LiPETRI: “However, this law allows past the sixth month, right up to the point of nine months, right before the birth of a child, abortion can happen. I am opposed to that. I cannot see that happen, and that is in no way helping a woman’s health, especially that when you’re having that [sic] who can actually perform those exaggerations can be expanded beyond that law states today – beyond that licensed health care physician.” [Mike LiPetri, Twitter, 1:00 [1/23/19](#)] (VIDEO)

2024: LiPetri Filed To Run On The Conservative Party Platform, Which Called For Banning Abortion In New York Even In Cases Of Rape And Incest

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April 2024: LiPetri Filed To Run For Congress In NY-03 On The Conservative Party Line. [New York Board of Elections, filed [4/3/24](#)]

The 2024 NY Conservative Party Platform Supports Repealing New York’s Law Protecting Abortion Access And Only Allowing Abortion In Cases Of “Clearly Defined Conditions Hazardous To The Life Of The Mother.” “We believe that New York’s expanded abortion law should be repealed and the legislature should re-adopt the prior statute permitting therapeutic abortions only under the most clearly defined conditions hazardous to the life of the mother. Tax dollars should not be used to prevent or end a pregnancy, nor should they be used for non-residents to travel to NY and pay for their abortion.” [Conservative Party of New York State, “2024 Legislative Program,” accessed [1/29/24](#)]

1965: New York Amended Its Statute To Widen Life Of The Mother Exceptions. [New York University Law Review, 66 (6), Samuel Buell, Criminal Abortion Revisited, pg. 1798, [1/1/1991](#)]

¹³⁰ New York amended its statute in 1965 to widen the therapeutic exceptions. See Means, supra note 25, at 498-500. California adopted the most progressive abortion reform in 1967 to close a perceived gulf between the legal and medical standards concerning justifications for abortion. See George, supra note 50, at 393-402 (discussing perceived gulf); Sands, supra note 52, at 286-88 (same); Note, Abortion Reform, supra note 59, at 530-34 (discussing California legislation); Note, Survey of Abortion Reform Legislation, 43 Wash. L. Rev. 644, 644-54 (1968) (discussing California legislation in comparison with Colorado, North Carolina, and Great Britain legislation). Then Governor Reagan signed the bill only after the legislature eliminated a provision permitting abortion of a greatly deformed child. See Note, Changing Abortion Laws, supra note 30, at 496-97. Arkansas, Colorado, Georgia, Maryland, New Mex-

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19th Century: New York Fully Banned Abortion At All Phases Of Pregnancy, And Later Included A “Therapeutic Exception.” [New York University Law Review, 66 (6), Samuel Buell, Criminal Abortion Revisited, pgs. 1784-85, [1/1/1991](#)]

- **Britannica: A Therapeutic Abortion Can Take Place Because The Pregnancy Endangers The Mother’s Life.** “A therapeutic abortion is the interruption of a pregnancy before the 20th week of gestation because it endangers the mother’s life or health or because the baby presumably would not be normal.” [Encyclopedia Britannica, accessed [12/22/23](#)]
- **One Scholar, Cyrus Means, Argued That Therapeutic Exceptions In New York Were Driven Out Of Concern For The Life Of The Woman.** [New York University Law Review, 66 (6), Samuel Buell, Criminal Abortion Revisited, pgs. 1784-85, [1/1/1991](#)]

prequickening abortion in 1827.⁴¹ And New York adopted its first statute in 1829, elevating postquickening abortion from a misdemeanor to a felony.⁴² Over the next sixty years, other states adopted abortion legislation and increasingly restrictive amendments. By the end of the nineteenth century, every state had criminalized abortion by statute and, with three exceptions, had prohibited it during all phases of pregnancy.⁴³

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the nineteenth century.⁴⁵ New York was the first state to include a therapeutic exception in its statute, and one scholar, Cyril Means, uses this information to argue that New York’s legislature was motivated primarily by concern for the woman’s life.⁴⁶ In the late 1860s and 1870s, attitudes toward abortion in New York grew increasingly intolerant as the

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1872: New York Passed A Law Increasing Its Penalty For Abortion To Between Four Years And 20 Years Imprisonment. [New York University Law Review, 66 (6), Samuel Buell, Criminal Abortion Revisited, pgs. 1784-85, [1/1/1991](#)]

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Dr. Alan F. Guttmacher, On New York's 1970 Legalization Of Abortion: "After 142 Years Of One Of The Most Restrictive Abortion Statutes — Allowing Abortions Only When Necessary To Preserve The Life Of The Mother — New York Suddenly Had The Most Liberal Abortion Law In The World." "Three years before Roe v. Wade established a constitutional right to abortion, New York legalized the procedure in 1970, turning the state into a magnet for women who wanted to terminate their pregnancies but were barred from doing so where they lived. [...] The New York law allowed abortions to be performed within 24 weeks of pregnancy and at any time if the woman's life was at risk. [...] 'After 142 years of one of the most restrictive abortion statutes — allowing abortions only when necessary to preserve the life of the mother — New York suddenly had the most liberal abortion law in the world,' wrote Dr. Alan F. Guttmacher, a birth control pioneer who advocated legalizing abortion, in a 1972 report." [New York Times, [7/19/18](#)]

2018: LiPetri Ran On The Conservative Party Platform, Which Called For Banning Abortion In New York Even In Cases Of Rape And Incest

2018: LiPetri Ran For New York Assembly On The Conservative Party Line. [New York Board of Elections, Election Results, [11/6/18](#)]

The 2018 NY Conservative Party Platform Supported Only Allowing Abortion In Cases Of "Clearly Defined Conditions Hazardous To The Life Of The Mother." "We firmly reject any attempt to expand the already liberal abortion laws of New York State. We believe that New York's present abortion law should be repealed and should re-adopt the prior statute permitting therapeutic abortions only under the most clearly defined conditions hazardous to the life of the mother. Elderly, terminally ill, and patients who cannot advocate for themselves should have the full protection of the law to prevent attempts to end their lives prematurely. Terminally ill patients should be provided all palliative care to ease their pain; efforts to have physicians assist their suicide must be rejected. The Conservative Party staunchly believes that all human cloning must be banned and that stem-cell research specifically prohibits the use of progenitor cells and/ or pluripotent cells and must be limited to adult stem cells, amniotic fluid, and fetal cord blood research. Unborn victims of violence should be given the full protection of our laws. Tax dollars should not be used to prevent or end a pregnancy. Efforts must be made to ease adoption laws in New York State so that traditional families can provide a loving home to unwanted or abandoned children." [Conservative Party of New York State, "2018 Legislative Program," archived [2018](#)]

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Dr. Alan F. Guttmacher, On New York's 1970 Legalization Of Abortion: "After 142 Years Of One Of The Most Restrictive Abortion Statutes — Allowing Abortions Only When Necessary To Preserve The Life Of The Mother — New York Suddenly Had The Most Liberal Abortion Law In The World." "Three years before Roe v. Wade established a constitutional right to abortion, New York legalized the procedure in 1970, turning the state into a magnet for women who wanted to terminate their pregnancies but were barred from doing so where they lived. [...] The New York law allowed abortions to be performed within 24 weeks of pregnancy and at any time if the woman's life was at risk. [...] 'After 142 years of one of the most restrictive abortion statutes — allowing abortions only when necessary to preserve the life of the mother — New York suddenly had the most liberal abortion law in the world,' wrote Dr. Alan F. Guttmacher, a birth control pioneer who advocated legalizing abortion, in a 1972 report." [New York Times, [7/19/18](#)]

LiPetri Suggested Support For Overturning Roe, Allowing States To Ban Abortion Without Any Exceptions

May 2022: LiPetri Said Of Roe Being Overturned, "For Me, I've Always Said, And This Is What Many Other Critics Have Said Too, Is This Is A Federalism Issue. [...] Judges Are Meant To Interpret The Law, Not Make The Law." "LiPETRI: "Even if it's overturned, what I'm seeing, and I still have to read this 98-page opinion, but again, what I'm seeing, if it even comes out, because it's supposed to be out in June, but what I'm seeing is that it's going to be sent to the states. So in a situation like New York which has late-term abortion nine months, they're going to be unaffected by this court ruling. But other states in the south, Midwest, perhaps, will be. Because they now get to determine how the state wishes to regulate abortion. And for me, I've always said, and this is what many other critics have said too, is this is a federalism issue. Is this the federal government or the state government? If it's the state government, it should be the state leg. If it's the federal government, it should be the federal legislature, not judge-made law. Judges are meant to interpret the law, not make the law. That's in the guide to the legislature. I remember that's what I argued plenty of times when I was in the Assembly, it's — that was something I was always focused on, okay, what's our purview, where's the courts, where's the executive." [Mike LiPetri, Facebook, 5:00, [5/3/22](#)] (VIDEO)

July 2022: The Atlantic: "Conservative States Are Rushing To Eliminate Or Narrow Existing Exceptions" To Abortion Bans Including To Save A Woman's Life. "Even if someone believes that a fetus enjoys the same

rights as an adult, abortion could be justified much in the same way that people who are anti-violence can understand the need in certain situations for self-defense. Support for the so-called life-of-the-mother exception seemed unshakable. Not anymore. Anti-abortion-rights groups, like Pro-Life Wisconsin, have described the ‘life of the mother’ exception as unnecessary and wrong. The Idaho GOP just approved a platform with no lifesaving exception. Republican candidates like Matthew DePerno, the Republican running to be Michigan’s attorney general, oppose all exceptions to abortion bans, and that includes to save a mother’s life. Conservative states are rushing to eliminate or narrow existing exceptions to their laws. Powerful groups like Students for Life, Feminists for Life, and the American Association of Pro-Life Obstetricians and Gynecologists (AAPLOG) argue that ‘abortion is never medically necessary’ and that doctors should always be punished for intentionally taking a fetal life.” [The Atlantic, [7/25/22](#)]

Gutmacher Institute: Trigger Laws In 12 States In The Event Roe Were Overturned Did Not Have Exceptions For Rape Or Incest. “12 states do not include exceptions for rape and incest in their bans that would be triggered if Roe were overturned or bans on abortions up to eight weeks of pregnancy: Alabama, Arkansas, Idaho, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee and Texas.” [Gutmacher Institute, [11/22/21](#)]

2019: LiPetri Voted Against Requiring Insurance Coverage For Contraception

LiPetri Voted Against Requiring Insurance Coverage For Contraception. On January 22, 2019, LiPetri voted “No” on S00659, a bill that “Enacts the ‘comprehensive contraception coverage act’ to provide insurance coverage for FDA-approved contraceptive drugs, devices and products.” The bill passed the Assembly by 100-39, and was later signed into law on April 12, 2019. [New York State Assembly, S02451, Introduced [1/9/19](#)]

LiPetri Praised Speaker Johnson, Who Pushed For A Nationwide Abortion Ban Without Any Exceptions

12/3/23: LiPetri Tweeted, “Great Seeing @SpeakerJohnson At An Event Supporting @ANTHONYDESPO For Congress! 2024 Is All About More Victories For Long Island And America!” [Mike LiPetri, Twitter, [12/3/23](#)]



[Mike LiPetri, Twitter, [12/3/23](#)]

January 2023: Johnson Cosponsored The Life At Conception Act. [H.R. 431, cosponsored [1/20/23](#)]

Los Angeles Times: The Life At Conception Act Would Constitute A Nationwide Abortion Ban From The Moment Of Fertilization. "The Life at Conception Act is fewer than 300 words, but its language leaves little room for ambiguity on abortion. The bill, introduced in the U.S. House earlier in the congressional session, seeks 'equal protection for the right to life of each born and preborn human person,' specifying that it covers 'all stages of life, including the moment of fertilization, cloning, or other moment at which an individual member of the human species comes into being.' Put simply: 'It would be a nationwide abortion ban,' said Mary Ziegler, a professor at UC Davis School of Law who studies reproductive rights. Even California, which has positioned itself as a haven for abortion rights, would be affected." [Los Angeles Times, [8/29/22](#)]

The Federal Life At Conception Act Would Ban Abortion Without Exceptions For Rape, Incest, Or To Save A Woman's Life. "H.R. 616 would grant equal protection under the 14th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States for the right to life of each born and 'preborn' human person. 'Human person' is defined as: [...] each and every member of the species homo sapiens at all stages of life, including the moment of fertilization, cloning, or other moment at which an individual member of the human species comes into being. The bill would grant constitutional rights to fertilized eggs, embryos, fetuses, and clones. It would effectively ban abortion with no exception for rape, incest, or to save the life of the pregnant person. It would also ban birth control pills, IUDs, and emergency contraception. In addition, it would eliminate certain medical choices for women, including some cancer treatments and in vitro fertilization." [Rewire News Group, [9/28/19](#)]

Legal Experts Argued The Life At Conception Act Could Result In Criminal Charges Against People Who Help Women Get Abortions, Including Health Care Providers. "With the idea that life begins at conception, personhood laws grant fertilized eggs, zygotes, embryos and fetuses the same status as victims in other scenarios.

Because of this, some legal experts — as well as Mathis’s campaign — have argued abortion could result in criminal charges, such as homicide. The Life at Conception Act specifically states that nothing within the bill ‘shall be construed to authorize the prosecution of any woman for the death of her unborn child.’ But the bill does not explicitly protect anyone else from criminal charges, such as abortion providers or those who help others obtain an abortion. The freshman representative from Iowa has not publicly stated whether she would support criminal charges in this scenario. [...] The Life at Conception Act, co-sponsored by Hinson, would outlaw all abortions with no exceptions in cases of rape, incest or risk to the pregnant person. The bill in question does eliminate the possibility for criminal charges for individuals who receive an abortion, but it does not provide the same guarantees for others. Hinson has never publicly stated she would support legislation that includes criminal penalties for abortions. But the broad scope of the personhood law does have implications for criminalization of abortion.” [Cedar Rapids Gazette, [7/11/22](#)]

The “Life At Conception Act” Would Ban Birth Control Pills, IUDs, Emergency Contraception, In Vitro Fertilization And Some Cancer Treatments. “The bill would grant constitutional rights to fertilized eggs, embryos, fetuses, and clones. It would effectively ban abortion with no exception for rape, incest, or to save the life of the pregnant person. It would also ban birth control pills, IUDs, and emergency contraception. In addition, it would eliminate certain medical choices for women, including some cancer treatments and in vitro fertilization.” [Rewire News Group, [9/28/19](#)]

LiPetri Opposed Gun Safety Measures, Managed A Lobbying Firm That Represented The Gun Industry, And Has Voted Against Funding Public Safety Programs, Including More Than \$1.7 Billion In Police Funding

LiPetri Repeatedly Voted Against Gun Safety Measures In The New York Assembly

LiPetri Voted Against Expanding Background Checks On Firearm Purchases To Up To 30 Days. On January 29, 2019, LiPetri voted “No” on S02374, a bill that “Establishes a waiting period before a firearm, shotgun or rifle may be delivered to a person; requires either the National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) or its successor has issued a ‘proceed’ response to the licensee, or thirty calendar days have elapsed since the date the licensee, seller, transferor or dealer contacted NICS to initiate a national instant criminal background check and NICS has not notified the licensee, seller, transferor or dealer that the transfer of the firearm, rifle or shotgun to such person should be denied.” The bill passed the Assembly by 85-52, and was later signed into law on January 29, 2019. [New York State Assembly, S02374, Introduced [1/24/19](#)]

LiPetri Voted Against Establishing Extreme Risk Protection Orders To Prohibit Certain Individuals From Purchasing Or Possessing Firearms. On January 29, 2019, LiPetri voted “No” on S02451, a bill that “Establishes extreme risk protection orders as a court-issued order of protection prohibiting a person from purchasing, possessing or attempting to purchase or possess a firearm, rifle or shotgun.” The bill passed the Assembly by 100-37, and was later signed into law on February 25, 2019. [New York State Assembly, S02451, Introduced [1/24/19](#)]

LiPetri Voted Against Prohibiting School Employees, Except For Law Enforcement Officers, From Possessing Weapons On School Grounds. On January 29, 2019, LiPetri voted “No” on S00101, a bill that “Limits an educational institution’s ability to authorize the possession of a weapon on school grounds to certain officers or agents of a law enforcement agency.” The bill passed the Assembly by 104 – 40, and was later signed into law on July 30, 2019. [New York State Assembly, S00101, Introduced [1/9/19](#)]

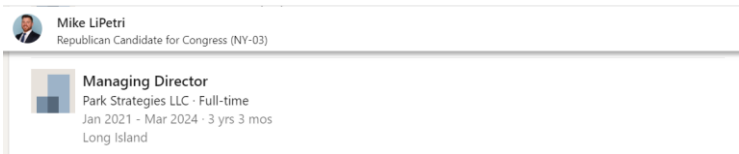
LiPetri Opposed Banning Assault Weapons

2019: Asked If AR-15s Should Be Banned, LiPetri Said, “Studies Have Shown Those Guns Are Used In A Minute Percentage Of Mass Shootings” And Added That A Ban On “Long Guns” Would “[Inhibit] People’s Rights.” LiPETRI: “AR-15s. Those are tough weapons, without a doubt. But those are like any other long gun.”

ANCHOR: “Should we ban those?” LiPETRI: “At this time, I’m not sure. Ignoring the fact that —” ANCHOR: “Those are the favorite guns of mass shooters. The AR-15 is.” LiPETRI: “But studies have shown those guns are used in a minute percentage of mass shootings. Just in recently, you’ve seen them used, but overall in history through mass shootings, those have not been the guns that are used. Studies have shown that statistically. [...] Are we going to ban all these long guns? Is that what you want? If that’s what you want then fine, okay, own up to it, but then also identify what you’re doing as inhibiting people’s rights.” [News12 Long Island, 20:05, [9/26/19](#)] (VIDEO)

LiPetri Managed A Lobbying Firm That Represented The Gun Industry

January 2021 – March 2024: According To His LinkedIn, LiPetri Was Managing Director Of Park Strategies. [Mike LiPetri, LinkedIn, accessed [8/27/24](#)]



[Mike LiPetri, LinkedIn, accessed [8/27/24](#)]

July 2022 – June 2024: The National Shooting Sports Foundation Paid A Total Of \$216,000 To Retain Park Strategies As Its Lobbyist. [New York Commission on Ethics and Lobbying in Government, Client Search, accessed [8/27/24](#)]

Date Filed (Link)	Period Covered	Park Strategies Relationship with Client	Compensation
12/6/22	July – December 2021	Retained	\$36,000
12/6/22	January – June 2022	Retained	\$36,000
1/11/23	July – December 2022	Retained	\$36,000
7/11/23	January – June 2023	Retained	\$36,000
1/15/24	July – December 2023	Retained	\$36,000
7/15/24	January – June 2024	Retained	\$36,000
		Total	\$216,000

[New York Commission on Ethics and Lobbying in Government, Client Search, accessed [8/27/24](#)]

Everytown For Gun Safety: The National Shooting Sports Foundation Is The “Official Trade Association Of The Firearms Industry.” “The organization that fights the hardest to prevent the firearms industry from being held accountable for its role in endangering the public is the same one that sponsors the SHOT Show: the National Shooting Sports Foundation (NSSF), the official trade association of the firearms industry, which derives over 75 percent of its revenue from the show itself, through entry fees and renting floor space to exhibitors. While the National Rifle Association remains mired in scandal and legal troubles, the NSSF has tried to fill the void — even though it is only backed by the gun industry and lacks a grassroots membership — and is increasingly influential in the halls of Congress and statehouses across the country. The NSSF isn’t as well known as the NRA, but as this report details, it shares many of the same goals, is just as extreme, and exacerbates our gun violence epidemic.” [Everytown for Gun Safety, [1/12/23](#)]

2020: LiPetri Touted An Endorsement From The NRA

2020: The NRA Endorsed LiPetri. “Mike LiPetri, the 29-year-old Assembly member for the district neighboring Garbarino's, is running against Garbarino in Tuesday's Republican primary for New York's 2nd Congressional District. Though he's served for almost two years in the Assembly, and before that worked for New York City's Law Department, LiPetri is running as an outsider candidate; Garbarino has been endorsed by King, the rest of New

York's Republican delegation in Congress and, most notably, the Suffolk and Nassau County Republican committees. LiPetri can cite only one endorsement so far: the National Rifle Association.” [City & State NY, [6/22/20](#)]

LiPetri Tweeted That He Was “Proudly Endorsed” By The NRA. [Mike LiPetri, Twitter, [6/8/20](#)]



[Mike LiPetri, Twitter, [6/8/20](#)]

LiPetri Has Voted Against More Than \$1.7 Billion In Police Funding

April 2020: LiPetri Voted Against The 2020 – 2021 New York State Operations Budget, Which Included \$885 Million In Funding For The New York State Police. On April 3, 2020, LiPetri voted “No” on S07500, the State Operations Budget for 2020 – 2021. The bill included \$885,776,000 in funding for the New York State Police. The bill passed the Assembly by 108 – 34, and was later signed into law on April 15, 2020. [New York State Assembly, S07500, Introduced [1/22/20](#)]

LiPetri Voted Against The 2019 – 2020 New York State Operations Budget, Which Included \$829 Million In Funding For The New York State Police. On March 31, 2019, LiPetri voted “No” on A02000, the State Operations Budget for 2019 – 2020. The bill included \$829,132,000 in funding for the New York State Police. The bill passed the Assembly by 111 – 37, and was later signed into law on April 12, 2019. [New York State Assembly, A02000, Introduced [1/18/19](#)]

LiPetri Voted Against Funding Crime Reduction And Gang Prevention Programs On Long Island

April 2020: LiPetri Voted Against The State Aid To Localities Budget For The 2020-2021 State Fiscal Year.

[New York State Assembly, S07503, [4/2/20](#)]

The Budget Allocated \$1 Million To Local Crime Reduction And Gang Prevention On Long Island. “For services and expenses related to state and local crime reduction, youth justice and gang prevention programs, including but not limited to street outreach, crime analysis, research, and shooting/violence reduction programs, such that \$1,000,000 shall be made available to Long Island and \$1,500,000 shall be made available to gun violence street outreach programs administered by the city of New York.” [New York State Assembly, S07503, [4/2/20](#)]

LiPetri Would Jeopardize Social Security And Voted Against A Law To Protect Nursing Home Residents From Abuse

LiPetri Praised Radical Speaker Mike Johnson, Who Advocated For Cuts To Social Security And Medicare

December 2023: LiPetri Praised Mike Johnson

12/3/23: LiPetri Tweeted, “Great Seeing @SpeakerJohnson At An Event Supporting @ANTHONYDESPO For Congress! 2024 Is All About More Victories For Long Island And America!”
[Mike LiPetri, Twitter, [12/3/23](#)]



[Mike LiPetri, Twitter, [12/3/23](#)]

As Chair Of The RSC, Johnson Backed Cuts To Social Security And Medicare

Johnson’s Republican Study Committee Budget Proposed Cutting Medicare By Raising The Eligibility Age. “Adjust the Medicare Eligibility Age to Reflect Life Expectancy: Since Medicare’s creation in 1965, advances in science and medical technology have increased average life expectancy. This is a great miracle, but it does put additional stresses on the solvency of the Medicare program. As a result, the amount of time a Medicare beneficiary is expected to be covered by the program has increased from 14.6 years in 1965 to over 19 years in 2015. As beneficiaries continue to live longer, the ratio of workers to retirees shrinks threatening the solvency of Medicare. In 1965 there were 4.5 workers per Medicare beneficiary. That number shrunk to 3.3 workers in 2011, 3.1 in 2015, 2.8 in 2018 and is expected to continue to decrease to 2.3 workers per beneficiary by 2030. To address the increased demands on Medicare, this budget proposes increasing the age of Medicare so it is aligned with the normal retirement age for Social Security and then indexing this age to life expectancy, ensuring Medicare remains available for future generations.” [Republican Study Committee, Budget, [FY 2020](#)]

- **Raising The Medicare Eligibility Age Would Force Most Americans Ages 65-70 To Delay Retirement Or Turn To The Public Marketplace To Buy Insurance, Where Premiums Can Be Cost-Prohibitive.** “Postponing eligibility for Medicare ‘would leave most older Americans age 65 -70 significantly underinsured and threatens their finances and their health,’ said Mary Johnson, Social Security and Medicare policy analyst, at The Senior Citizens League, an advocacy group for older Americans. Americans between 65 to 70 years of age would either need to work longer in order to keep their health coverage through their employers, or turn to Healthcare.gov’s marketplace to buy insurance, she noted. Even plans for people who are under 64 can be costly, running more than \$10,000 per year in premiums. ‘The cost for those 65 to 70 would be even more financially challenging, especially given the fact of the need to use more care and spend more out of pocket,’ she noted. ‘Where will they find the money to pay those new unexpected healthcare costs?’” [CBS, [11/9/22](#)]
- **Analyst At The Senior Citizens League: Raising The Medicare Eligibility Age “Would Leave Most Older Americans Age 65 -70 Significantly Underinsured And Threatens Their Finances And Their Health.”** “Postponing eligibility for Medicare ‘would leave most older Americans age 65 -70 significantly underinsured and threatens their finances and their health,’ said Mary Johnson, Social Security and Medicare policy analyst, at The Senior Citizens League, an advocacy group for older Americans. Americans between 65 to 70 years of age would either need to work longer in order to keep their health coverage through their employers, or turn to Healthcare.gov’s marketplace to buy insurance, she noted. Even plans for people who are under 64 can be costly, running more than \$10,000 per year in premiums. ‘The cost for those 65 to 70 would be even more financially challenging, especially given the fact of the need to use more care and spend more out of pocket,’ she noted. ‘Where will they find the money to pay those new unexpected healthcare costs?’” [CBS, [11/9/22](#)]

Johnson’s Republican Study Committee Budget Called For Raising The Social Security Eligibility Age To 69 And Eventually 70 Years Old. “The goal of the Social Security Reform Act is to ensure the long-term solvency of Social Security for this and future generations. It does so by modernizing the program, phasing out antiquated elements and bringing together a number of commonsense ideas to make the system work better for today’s workers and retirees. Many of the specific policies included in this legislation have bipartisan support and have been included in proposals put forward by members of Congress on both sides of the aisle and well-respected non-partisan organizations. Adjust the Retirement Age to Reflect Longevity: The bipartisan Social Security Amendments of 1983 phases in an increase in the Social Security full retirement age over time, beginning at 65 and reaching 67 by 2022 for those born in 1960 and later. The Social Security Reform Act would continue this gradual increase of the normal retirement age at a rate of three months per year until it reaches 69 for those reaching age 62 in 2030. The RSC Budget recognizes that, due to Congressional inaction, the Social Security Reform Act’s retirement age increase would need to be extended, likely to age 70, to achieve long-range sustainable solvency. Further, the existing 5-year gap between the normal and early retirement ages would be maintained as the full retirement age is incrementally adjusted.” [Republican Study Committee, Budget, [FY 2020](#)]

- **Center On Budget And Policy Priorities: “Raising Social Security’s Retirement Age Would Cut Benefits For All New Retirees”** [Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, [4/25/23](#)]

- CBPP: Raising The Social Security Eligibility Age Would Result In Cuts That “Could Be Deep” For Middle- And Lower-Income Americans Who Claim Benefits Earlier, Meaning They Permanently Receive Lower Benefits.** “Some policymakers, such as those on the Republican Study Committee, have proposed to raise Social Security’s full retirement age to 70 and beyond. Raising the retirement age cuts benefits for all new retirees — that is, those claiming Social Security benefits for the first time. These cuts could be deep, and they would fall hardest on lower- and middle-income beneficiaries because they rely most heavily on Social Security benefits. Moreover, they have not seen the life expectancy gains that higher-income people have experienced and that are often used as the rationale for raising the retirement age. The full retirement age is the age at which new retirees can receive full Social Security benefits. If beneficiaries claim before full retirement age, they receive permanently reduced monthly benefits; if they claim after, they get a permanent increase. The full retirement age was 65 for most of Social Security’s history. The last major Social Security overhaul, in 1983, gradually raised the age to 67, effectively cutting benefits by 13 percent. Now there is renewed talk of moving the age to 70, which would effectively cut currently scheduled benefits by nearly 20 percent.” [Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, [4/25/23](#)]
- CBPP: Moving The Social Security Eligibility Age To 70 “Would Effectively Cut Currently Scheduled Benefits By Nearly 20 Percent.”** “Some policymakers, such as those on the Republican Study Committee, have proposed to raise Social Security’s full retirement age to 70 and beyond. Raising the retirement age cuts benefits for all new retirees — that is, those claiming Social Security benefits for the first time. These cuts could be deep, and they would fall hardest on lower- and middle-income beneficiaries because they rely most heavily on Social Security benefits. Moreover, they have not seen the life expectancy gains that higher-income people have experienced and that are often used as the rationale for raising the retirement age. The full retirement age is the age at which new retirees can receive full Social Security benefits. If beneficiaries claim before full retirement age, they receive permanently reduced monthly benefits; if they claim after, they get a permanent increase. The full retirement age was 65 for most of Social Security’s history. The last major Social Security overhaul, in 1983, gradually raised the age to 67, effectively cutting benefits by 13 percent. Now there is renewed talk of moving the age to 70, which would effectively cut currently scheduled benefits by nearly 20 percent.” [Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, [4/25/23](#)]

LiPetri’s Campaign Is Funded By Extreme Politicians Calling For The Repeal Of Provisions That Lower Prescription Drug Prices For Seniors And Cutting Social Security

April – May 2024: LiPetri’s Campaign Accepted \$17,000 From Committees Associated With Elise Stefanik And Tom Emmer. [FEC, Disbursement Search, accessed [8/27/24](#)]

Date	Committee	Associated Member	Amount
4/9/24	E-PAC	Elise Stefanik	\$5,000
4/9/24	E-PAC	Elise Stefanik	\$5,000
5/29/24	Electing Majority Making Effective Republicans PAC	Tom Emmer	\$5,000
5/29/24	Emmer for Congress	Tom Emmer	\$2,000
		Total	\$17,000

[FEC, Disbursement Search, accessed [8/27/24](#)]

Emmer And Stefanik Are Members Of The Republican Study Committee. [Republican Study Committee, accessed [8/27/24](#)]

April 2024: Stefanik Endorsed LiPetri. [Elise Stefanik, Twitter, [4/8/24](#)]

 **Elise Stefanik** 
@EliseStefanik

 ENDORSEMENT ALERT 

I am proud to endorse [@TheMikeLiPetri](#) for Congress in [#NY03](#)! As a state legislator, Mike was a staunch supporter of law enforcement, supported ICE in their efforts to go after criminals here illegally, and was the leading voice against the lefts pro-crime agenda. As a member of the House GOP Majority, I look forward to working with Mike to secure our border, restore law & order, and put [#AmericaFirst!](#)



9:22 AM · Apr 8, 2024 · 7,135 Views

[Elise Stefanik, Twitter, [4/8/24](#)]

May 2024: LiPetri Touted An Endorsement From Tom Emmer. [Mike LiPetri, Twitter, [5/21/24](#)]



3:01 PM · May 21, 2024 · 900 Views

[Mike LiPetri, Twitter, [5/21/24](#)]

The FY 2025 RSC Budget Included The “Full Repeal” Of The Inflation Reduction Act. “The RSC Budget opposes the price controls enacted by the Inflation Reduction Act. Rather than enact reforms to lower costs through increased competition in the pharmaceutical industry, President Biden and Congressional Democrats have embraced socialist price controls that will limit access to life-saving drugs for those who desperately need them. Several companies have already abandoned research into new cures for drugs treating diseases such as blood cancer and Stargardt disease.³²³ According to the University of Chicago, the price-control provisions included in the Inflation Reduction Act would reduce medical research and development spending by as much as 60 percent and result in 342 fewer life-saving medical treatments. As part of the full repeal of the disastrous Inflation Reduction Act, the RSC Budget would ensure continued access to these life-saving treatments by removing these price controls.” [Republican Study Committee, FY 2025 Budget, [3/20/24](#)]

- **NBC: The Inflation Reduction Act “Is Set To Lower The Cost Of Prescription Drugs.”** “The Inflation Reduction Act, signed into law by President Joe Biden, is set to lower the cost of prescription drugs — including cancer medications, blood thinners and insulin — for millions of Americans, experts say. Exorbitant drug prices in the United States are a key reason many people in the U.S. are forced to skip or delay filling their needed prescriptions. A Kaiser Family Foundation poll published last month found that nearly 1 in 2 adults report difficulty affording their health care expenses, including their prescribed medications.” [NBC, [8/16/22](#)]
- **The Inflation Reduction Act Capped Out-Of-Pocket Costs At \$2,000 For Seniors Under Medicare Part D.** “Medicare is poised to renegotiate the prices of some of its most expensive drugs through a historic expansion of its power, which could reduce costs for many seniors as well as federal spending on its prescription drug plan. The changes are tucked inside a massive spending-and-tax bill in Congress that includes \$433 billion in investments in health-care and clean energy. House Democrats passed the Inflation Reduction Act on Friday in a 220 to 207 vote along party lines, ending a tortured legislative process that took more than a

year. The bill empowers the Health and Human Services Secretary to negotiate prices for certain drugs covered under two different parts of Medicare and punish pharmaceutical companies that don't play by the rules. The legislation also caps out-of-pocket costs at \$2,000 starting in 2025 for people who participate in Medicare Part D, the prescription drug plan for seniors." [CNBC, [8/12/22](#)]

- **AARP CEO Jo Ann Jenkins On The Inflation Reduction Act: Millions Of Older Adults Are Now “One Step Closer To Real Relief From Out-Of-Control Prescription Drug Prices.”** “Medicare is poised to renegotiate the prices of some of its most expensive drugs through a historic expansion of its power, which could reduce costs for many seniors as well as federal spending on its prescription drug plan. The changes are tucked inside a massive spending-and-tax bill in Congress that includes \$433 billion in investments in health-care and clean energy. House Democrats passed the Inflation Reduction Act on Friday in a 220 to 207 vote along party lines, ending a tortured legislative process that took more than a year. [...] The American Association of Retired Persons, which represents 38 million people, described the legislation as a historic victory for older adults. AARP CEO Jo Ann Jenkins said the group has fought for nearly two decades to allow Medicare to negotiate drug prices. Millions of older adults are now “one step closer to real relief from out-of-control prescription drug prices,” Jenkins said earlier this week.” [CNBC, [8/12/22](#)]
- **The IRA Allowed Medicare To Negotiate Drug Prices, Reducing Drug Costs For Seniors And Federal Spending.** “Medicare is poised to renegotiate the prices of some of its most expensive drugs through a historic expansion of its power, which could reduce costs for many seniors as well as federal spending on its prescription drug plan. The changes are tucked inside a massive spending-and-tax bill in Congress that includes \$433 billion in investments in health-care and clean energy. House Democrats passed the Inflation Reduction Act on Friday in a 220 to 207 vote along party lines, ending a tortured legislative process that took more than a year. The bill empowers the Health and Human Services Secretary to negotiate prices for certain drugs covered under two different parts of Medicare and punish pharmaceutical companies that don't play by the rules. The legislation also caps out-of-pocket costs at \$2,000 starting in 2025 for people who participate in Medicare Part D, the prescription drug plan for seniors.” [CNBC, [8/12/22](#)]
- **The IRA Required Drug Companies That Raised Prices More Than The Rate Of Inflation To Rebate Medicare The Amount Over The Inflation Rate.** “President Joe Biden signed the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 on Aug. 16. This historic legislation will help millions of Medicare enrollees better afford their life-sustaining medications, and millions more Americans will be able to pay their Affordable Care Act premiums. [...] Here are the main elements of the health care portions of the new law. [...] Beginning in October, if the price of a Part D prescription drug is raised by more than the rate of general inflation, the drugmaker will have to rebate to Medicare the amount of the increase above the inflation rate. Rebates for higher-than-inflation price hikes for medications covered under Medicare Part B (usually office-based infusions, such as for cancer drugs) will begin in January 2023.” [AARP, [8/16/22](#)]
- **IRA Capped Copays For Insulin At \$35 For Medicare Patients.** “A new legislative package signed into law by President Joe Biden on Tuesday is a big win for Medicare patients who struggle to cover the cost of insulin to manage their diabetes. But the bill, called the Inflation Reduction Act, falls short of applying those cost controls to the broader patient population who rely on insulin. The bill limits insulin copays to \$35 per month for Medicare Part D beneficiaries starting in 2023. Notably, seniors covered by Medicare also have a \$2,000 annual out-of-pocket cap on Part D prescription drugs starting in 2025. Medicare will also now have the ability to negotiate the costs of certain prescription drugs.” [CNBC, [8/16/22](#)]

The FY 2025 RSC Budget Would Cut Social Security By \$1.5 Trillion And Medicare By An Additional \$1.2 Trillion Over The Next Decade. “The caucus's budget proposal is more aggressive than the recent proposal by House Budget Committee Chairman Jodey Arrington (R-Texas), who advanced a budget resolution earlier this month that called for a bipartisan commission to negotiate Social Security and Medicare solvency but didn't make specific policy recommendations. The Republican Study Committee, meanwhile, called for policy changes that would reduce spending on Social Security by \$1.5 trillion and Medicare by \$1.2 trillion over the next decade.”

[Bloomberg Government, [3/20/24](#)]

2019: LiPetri Voted Against Requiring The Reporting Of Misuse Of Nursing Home Residents' Property

LiPetri Voted Against Adding Misappropriation Of Property Against Residents Of Residential Care Facilities To Abuses Required To Report. On June 21, 2019, LiPetri voted “No” on S05908, a bill that “Relates to reporting abuses of persons receiving care or services in residential care facilities; includes misappropriation of property; establishes independent quality monitors and requirements relating to assets of operators.” The bill passed the Assembly by 91-43, and was later signed into law on December 16, 2019. [New York State Assembly, S02451, Introduced [5/16/19](#)]

LiPetri And Trump Endorsed One Another, With LiPetri Calling His Felony Conviction “Ridiculous”

LiPetri And Trump Endorsed One Another

March 2024: LiPetri Tweeted, “I Voted For President Donald J. Trump - Again!” [Mike LiPetri, Twitter, [3/30/24](#)]



[Mike LiPetri, Twitter, [3/30/24](#)]

June 2024: Trump Endorsed LiPetri, Saying He Would Be “An INCREDIBLE America First Fighter In Congress.” [Donald J. Trump, Truth Social, [6/15/24](#)]



Donald J. Trump
@realDonaldTrump

Mike LiPetri is running to represent the fantastic people of New York's 3rd Congressional District.

Mike will be an INCREDIBLE America First Fighter in Congress, and will work hard to Grow the Economy, Lower Inflation, Uphold the Rule of Law, Defend the Border, Promote American Energy, and Support our Great Military and Police.

Mike LiPetri has my Complete and Total Endorsement!

1.63k ReTruths 6.43k Likes

Jun 15, 2024, 11:20 AM

[Donald J. Trump, Truth Social, [6/15/24](#)]

LiPetri Called Trump's Conviction On 34 Felony Charges "Ridiculous"

May 2024: A Jury Of 12 New Yorkers Unanimously Found Trump Guilty Of 34 Felony Charges. "Former President Donald Trump was found guilty of 34 felonies by the jury in his 'hush money' trial in New York on Thursday, making him the first former president in U.S. history to be convicted of a crime. The jury, composed of 12 Manhattan residents, found that Trump illegally falsified business records to cover up a \$130,000 payment to adult film star Stormy Daniels before the 2016 election. They found him guilty on all counts on their second day of deliberations." [CBS News, [5/31/24](#)]

5/30/24: LiPetri Tweeted Of Trump's Conviction, "Ridiculous! So, What's Next? The Appeal And Then A Republican Victory In November!" [Mike LiPetri, Twitter, [5/30/24](#)]



[Mike LiPetri, Twitter, [5/30/24](#)]

April 2023: LiPetri Suggested Trump's Indictment Was Politically Motivated

April 2023: LiPetri Said Trump's Indictment "Raises Eyebrows For The Entire Manhattan's District Attorney Office As A Whole, Where It's Become More Politically Motivated." LIPETRI: "It leaves that diciness, that grey area to say, man, for you to go forward and indict President Trump on this is while everything else you're letting go meanwhile those are locked cases, it's questionable to your integrity, it's questionable to your status as a DA, and it raises eyebrows for the entire Manhattan's District Attorney office as a whole, where it's become more politically motivated as a whole than actually abiding by true law and order, true justice. So that's some craziness there that people need to think about and we'll see in time." [Mike LiPetri Show, 7:40, [4/3/23](#)] (AUDIO)

April 2023: LiPetri Said, "You Had Alvin Bragg Just Mobilize And Weaponize The Office To Go After Him In That Respect And, With Those Charges, If You Look At The Charges, Pretty Weak." INTERVIEWER: "Do you think Trump should run?" LIPETRI: "Should Trump run? That is a crazy topic because you're gonna have a group that just loves him, and the fact that they're, that people are going after him. You had Alvin Bragg just mobilize and weaponize the office to go after him in that respect and, with those charges, if you look at the charges, pretty weak. Like, he hasn't brought anything against anybody else with something like that. But he focused on Trump with it. And then at the same time, he has this lawsuit that just happened, where he has to pay, jury finds him guilty, liable, excuse me, and he has to pay out \$5 million in damages." [Charles Weinraub, YouTube 35:50, [4/3/23](#)] (VIDEO)

LiPetri Questioned The Integrity Of American Elections And Praised The Architect Of House Republicans' Efforts To Overturn The Results Of The 2020 Election

July 2023: LiPetri Said “Questions About Elections That Are Being Brought Up” Are Where “The Unraveling Of Our Democracy Begins”

July 2023: LiPetri Said On His Podcast, “You Have Questions About Elections That Are Being Brought Up. [...] This Is Where The Unraveling Of Our Democracy Begins. And That Cannot Stand.” LIPETRI: “Somebody like myself, and I think integrity matters, and we need that back into our system as a whole. Because all this. You have questions about elections that are being brought up. Questions now about the FBI, questions about your DOJ, questions about your judiciary then. And this is where the unraveling of our democracy begins. And that cannot stand.” [Mike LiPetri Show, 14:30, [7/2/23](#)] (AUDIO)

Johnson Was “The Most Important Architect” Of House Republicans’ Attempt To Overturn The 2020 Election

12/3/23: LiPetri Tweeted, “Great Seeing @SpeakerJohnson At An Event Supporting @ANTHONYDESPO For Congress! 2024 Is All About More Victories For Long Island And America!” [Mike LiPetri, Twitter, [12/3/23](#)]



[Mike LiPetri, Twitter, [12/3/23](#)]

New York Times: Johnson Was “The Most Important Architect Of The Electoral College Objections.” “In formal statements justifying their votes, about three-quarters relied on the arguments of a low-profile Louisiana

congressman, Representative Mike Johnson, the most important architect of the Electoral College objections.” [New York Times, [10/3/22](#)]

- **Johnson Was Credited With Coming Up With The Option For Republicans To Vote Not To Certify 2020 Election Results On The Grounds Of Changed Voting Procedures During The Pandemic.** “On the eve of the Jan. 6 votes, he presented colleagues with what he called a ‘third option.’ He faulted the way some states had changed voting procedures during the pandemic, saying it was unconstitutional, without supporting the outlandish claims of Mr. Trump’s most vocal supporters. His Republican critics called it a Trojan horse that allowed lawmakers to vote with the president while hiding behind a more defensible case.” [New York Times, [10/3/22](#)]

New York Times: About 75% Of Republican Representatives Who Objected To 2020 Election Results “Chiefly Relied On Mr. Johnson’s Argument.” “In the weeks before Jan. 6, the vast majority of objectors had publicly sympathized with Mr. Trump’s allegations of conspiracy and fraud. Yet when it came time to stake out an official justification for their votes, about three-quarters chiefly relied on Mr. Johnson’s argument, including 35 who signed a statement that he had written and read aloud at the previous day’s meeting.” [New York Times, [10/3/22](#)]

LiPetri Opposed State Budgets That Funded Water Infrastructure, Long Island Schools, And LIRR Improvements

2019: LiPetri Criticized “Dangerous And Radical Provisions” Of The State’s Budget, Which Funded Clean Water Infrastructure, Long Island Schools, And LIRR Repairs

April 2019: LiPetri Criticized “Dangerous And Radical Provisions” In The State’s Budget. “Assemblyman Mike LiPetri of Massapequa was not happy about the budget, stating that Democrats rushed to get this budget done and that it will be a ‘disaster’ when it comes to taxes. ‘In an offensive affront to transparency and responsible governance, Democratic leadership forced legislators to vote on a budget still hot off the printer—surely in a purposeful fashion to hide its dangerous and radical provisions,’ said LiPetri. ‘We see loads of taxes and fees to appease tax and spend Democrats who will no doubt use Long Island as their piggy bank to provide free college to illegal aliens and publicly finance their friends’ campaigns. Democrats all across the state campaigned last fall on being a voice for the middle-class taxpayer. Oh my, have priorities changed.’” [Massapequan Observer, 4/10/19]

The Budget Included \$500 Million For Clean Water Infrastructure And Monitoring, \$600 Million For Long Island Schools, And Repairs For The LIRR. “Some of the specifics of the budget include the property tax being locked in a two percent, establishing \$500 million for clean water infrastructure and monitoring, securing almost \$600 million in school aid for the Long Island area and investing \$11 million in gang violence prevention on Long Island. For Senator John Brooks, who also represents many parts of Massapequa, the proudest part of the budget for him is the \$3.7 million that will go towards veteran mental health programs like The Dwyer Project. [...] The budget included ‘Other major parts of the budget include funding for repairs and improvements to the LIRR, strengthening the MTA with an independent audit, capital funding and public reporting of on-time performance and restoring full \$60 million for towns and villages.’” [Massapequan Observer, 4/10/19]

2020: LiPetri Voted Against Budgets That Funded Water Infrastructure, LIRR Improvements, And Long Island Schools

April 2020: LiPetri Voted Against The State Transportation, Economic Development And Environmental Conservation Budget For The 2020-2021 State Fiscal Year. [New York State Assembly, S07508, [4/2/20](#)]

- **The Budget Allocated \$550 Million For Water Quality Improvement And Resilient Infrastructure.** “Creation of state debt. The creation of state debt in an amount not exceeding in the aggregate three billion

dollars (\$3,000,000,000) is hereby authorized to provide moneys for the single purpose of making environmental improvements that preserve, enhance, and restore New York's natural resources and reduce the impact of climate change by funding capital projects for: restoration and flood risk reduction not less than one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000); open space land conservation and recreation up to five hundred fifty million dollars (\$550,000,000); climate change mitigation up to seven hundred million dollars (\$700,000,000); and, water quality improvement and resilient infrastructure not less than five hundred fifty million dollars (\$550,000,000).” [New York State Assembly, S07508, [4/2/20](#)]

April 2020: LiPetri Voted Against The State Capital Projects Budget For The 2020-2021 State Fiscal Year.
[New York State Assembly, S07504, [4/1/20](#)]

- **The Budget Allocated \$3 Million To Upgrades For The LIRR.** “By chapter 54, section 1, of the laws of 2019: For the construction and improvement of rail freight projects including, but not limited to, the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, improvement or rehabilitation of any railroad capital facility and any capital improvement used in connection herewith, and for the acquisition of real property or interests in real property required or expected to be required therefor. Of this appropriation, the amount of up to \$3,000,000 will be provided to the metropolitan transportation authority for costs associated with implementing a program to upgrade diesel train engines owned by the Long Island Rail Road to improve emissions standards, and the amount of up to \$1,000,000 for other diesel train engine retrofit uses (17551941) (53104) ... 17,500,000 (re. \$17,500,000)” [New York State Assembly, S07504, [4/1/20](#)]

April 2020: LiPetri Voted Against The State Aid To Localities Budget For The 2020-2021 State Fiscal Year.
[New York State Assembly, S07503, [4/2/20](#)]

- **The Budget Allocated \$500,000 To The Long Island Pre-K Initiative.** “For services and expenses of the Long Island Pre-K Initiative operated by Nassau BOCES 500,000.” [New York State Assembly, S07503, [4/2/20](#)]

April 2020: LiPetri Voted Against The State Aid To Localities Budget For The 2020-2021 State Fiscal Year.
[New York State Assembly, S07503, [4/2/20](#)]

- **The Budget Allocated \$2 Million To After-School Program Grants For High-Need School Districts On Long Island.** “\$10,000,000 shall be used for empire state after-school grants pursuant to a plan developed by the office of children and family services in consultation with the commissioner of education and approved by the director of the budget, to support the establishment and/or expansion of after-school programs by school districts or not-for-profit community-based organizations which are (A) located in a school district with high rates of student homelessness, or (B) located in a school district in at-risk areas identified by the office of children and family services, division of criminal justice services, division of state police, county executive, or local law enforcement. [...] Provided, further, that \$2,000,000 of such funds shall be initially made available to applicants located in high-need school districts in Nassau County or Suffolk County.” [New York State Assembly, S07503, [4/2/20](#)]

LiPetri Rejected The Bipartisan Border Security Deal Endorsed By The Border Patrol Union And Instead Touted A Hyperpartisan, Ineffective Bill

LiPetri Rejected The Bipartisan Border Security Deal Endorsed By The Border Patrol Union

LiPetri Campaign Website: “The Only Solution My Opponent In This Race Has Come Up With Is A Plan That Would Still Allow For Up To 5,000 Illegal Crossings Each Day. Seriously?” “Sadly, over the past four years the crisis at our southern border has not only reached but far exceeded a tipping point. Tens of thousands of illegal border crossings each day. It’s not only unsustainable – it’s insane. The only solution my opponent in this

race has come up with is a plan that would still allow for up to 5,000 illegal crossings each day. Seriously? Even a 5th grader would say that makes zero sense. Hold on, it gets worse. Their plan for our border security also sends \$10 Billion to fund Hamas terrorists masked as humanitarian aid to Gaza. What a joke.” [LiPetri for Congress, accessed [8/27/24](#)]

February 2024: Senators Lankford (R), Murphy (D), And Sinema (I) Reached A Deal On Border Security.

“Senators released the long-awaited text of a bipartisan agreement to impose tougher immigration and asylum laws Sunday, as Senate Majority Leader Chuck Schumer eyes votes on the package this week. The \$118 billion package includes a series of provisions aimed at reducing record high crossings at the southern border and tightening an asylum system that has been overwhelmed by migrants fleeing their homes to seek refuge. It also includes critical aid to Israel, Ukraine and Taiwan, which Republicans have said they’ll only support if it is paired with significant new U.S. immigration restrictions. The agreement — reached by Sens. James Lankford, R-Okla., Chris Murphy, D-Conn., and Kyrsten Sinema, I-Ariz. — would be the most aggressive border security and migration overhaul bill in decades if it passes Congress. It would raise the standard to get asylum, send away those who don’t qualify and expedite cases for those who do.” [NBC News, [2/4/24](#)]

NBC News: The Bipartisan Border Package Would Have Been “The Most Aggressive Border Security And Migration Overhaul Bill In Decades If It Pass[ed] Congress.” “Senators released the long-awaited text of a bipartisan agreement to impose tougher immigration and asylum laws Sunday, as Senate Majority Leader Chuck Schumer eyes votes on the package this week. The \$118 billion package includes a series of provisions aimed at reducing record high crossings at the southern border and tightening an asylum system that has been overwhelmed by migrants fleeing their homes to seek refuge. It also includes critical aid to Israel, Ukraine and Taiwan, which Republicans have said they’ll only support if it is paired with significant new U.S. immigration restrictions. The agreement — reached by Sens. James Lankford, R-Okla., Chris Murphy, D-Conn., and Kyrsten Sinema, I-Ariz. — would be the most aggressive border security and migration overhaul bill in decades if it passes Congress. It would raise the standard to get asylum, send away those who don’t qualify and expedite cases for those who do.” [NBC News, [2/4/24](#)]

February 2024: The National Border Patrol Council Endorsed The Bipartisan Border Agreement. “As conservatives in Congress have blasted the new bipartisan border agreement for not going far enough, the legislation earned a key endorsement on Monday: the labor union that represents U.S. Border Patrol agents. The National Border Patrol Council — which represents more than 18,000 agents — said the bill would ‘drop illegal border crossings nationwide and will allow our agents to get back to detecting and apprehending those who want to cross our border illegally and evade apprehension.’ It’s a significant statement of support from a group that endorsed former President Donald Trump in 2020 and has repeatedly railed against President Joe Biden’s handling of the border.” [NBC News, [2/5/24](#)]

January 2024: CNN Headline: “GOP Senators Seethe As Trump Blows Up Delicate Immigration Compromise” [CNN, [1/25/24](#)]

- **January 2024: Trump Lobbied Republicans To Oppose The Bipartisan Immigration Deal To Avoid Granting Democrats A Political Win.** “Senior Senate Republicans are furious that Donald Trump may have killed an emerging bipartisan deal over the southern border, depriving them of a key legislative achievement on a pressing national priority and offering a preview of what’s to come with Trump as their likely presidential nominee. In recent weeks, Trump has been lobbying Republicans both in private conversations and in public statements on social media to oppose the border compromise being delicately hashed out in the Senate, according to GOP sources familiar with the conversations – in part because he wants to campaign on the issue this November and doesn’t want President Joe Biden to score a victory in an area where he is politically vulnerable.” [CNN, [1/25/24](#)]

LiPetri Touted HR 2, A Hyperpartisan, Ineffective Bill That Would Arbitrarily Roll Back Provisions To Prevent Illegal Immigration

LiPetri Pledged To Support HR 2

LiPetri Campaign Website: “In Congress, I Will Support H.R. 2.” “In Congress, I will support H.R. 2 – a plan that keeps American safe. I will work to expand and modernize legal pathways for merit-based immigration so the best and brightest can pursue their own American Dream, and demand that only true asylum cases are heard on the spot, not seven years later. We will have physical barriers at all critical points along the border, fully fund biometric systems, and have tighter controls and oversight on our visa process.” [LiPetri for Congress, accessed [8/27/24](#)]

HR 2 Would Arbitrarily Limit Pathways To Asylum

The Hill Headline: “GOP Border Bill Would Gut Pathways To Asylum” [The Hill, [5/10/23](#)]

In Some Cases, HR 2 Borrowed Language Directly From A Trump-Era Asylum Regulation That Was Struck Down In Court. “A Republican border and immigration bill set to come to the House floor Thursday would represent one of the biggest clawbacks of asylum rights in decades if enacted, experts warn. The GOP is aiming to pass the bill May 11 — the same day President Biden is set to lift Title 42. [...] The security measures are paired with provisions gutting asylum rights, in some cases borrowing word-for-word from a Trump-era asylum regulation struck down in court.” [The Hill, [5/10/23](#)]

The Bill Would Require Asylum-Seekers To Apply For Asylum In Any Other Country They Pass Through En Route To The U.S., Allowing Only Those Who Faced Denials To Apply To The U.S. “The bill requires those seeking asylum to first apply at any other country they pass through, allowing only those who receive denials to try the U.S. That language largely bars anyone who cannot directly come to a U.S. port of entry, essentially limiting asylum to Mexicans, Canadians, and those who already have hard-to-secure tourism visas who can hop a direct flight to the U.S.” [The Hill, [5/10/23](#)]

- **The Bill Would Allow Only Mexican And Canadian Nationals Or Those With “Hard-To-Secure Tourism Visas” Seeking Asylum To Apply For U.S. Asylum – Even If They Faced Persecution.** “Aaron Reichlin-Melnick, policy director at the American Immigration Council, said the bill would ‘effectively end the system of asylum that we’ve had for the last 43 years.’ [...] The bill requires those seeking asylum to first apply at any other country they pass through, allowing only those who receive denials to try the U.S. That language largely bars anyone who cannot directly come to a U.S. port of entry, essentially limiting asylum to Mexicans, Canadians, and those who already have hard-to-secure tourism visas who can hop a direct flight to the U.S. Reichlin-Melnick said anyone with a layover would be barred from seeking asylum, as would anyone south of Mexico traveling by car, if they don’t first seek and get denied asylum on the way. ‘Say [Russian opposition leader Alexei] Navalny is released from Russian prison today. And he gets on a flight and it stops in an airport in another country before getting here,’ he said. ‘Well, he is not eligible for asylum after this bill because he didn’t apply for asylum in the country in which he stopped on the layover.’” [The Hill, [5/10/23](#)]
- **For Example, If Opposition Leader Alexei Navalny Were Released From Russian Prison, He Would Have To Apply For And Be Denied Asylum In A Country Where He Stopped For Layover Before He Would Be Eligible To Apply For U.S. Asylum.** “Aaron Reichlin-Melnick, policy director at the American Immigration Council, said the bill would ‘effectively end the system of asylum that we’ve had for the last 43 years.’ [...] The bill requires those seeking asylum to first apply at any other country they pass through, allowing only those who receive denials to try the U.S. That language largely bars anyone who cannot directly come to a U.S. port of entry, essentially limiting asylum to Mexicans, Canadians, and those who already have hard-to-secure tourism visas who can hop a direct flight to the U.S. Reichlin-Melnick said anyone with a layover would be barred from seeking asylum, as would anyone south of Mexico traveling by car, if they don’t first seek and get denied asylum on the way. ‘Say [Russian opposition leader Alexei] Navalny is released from Russian prison today. And he gets on a flight and it stops in an airport in another country before getting here,’

he said. ‘Well, he is not eligible for asylum after this bill because he didn’t apply for asylum in the country in which he stopped on the layover.’” [The Hill, [5/10/23](#)]

- **The Bill Would Require Those Who Do Apply For Asylum In The U.S. To Pass An Initial Screening Proving They Would Likely Earn It And Place Additional Barriers On Those Who Do Not Pass.** “Even the bar for the initial screening ahead of seeking asylum has been raised — would-be applicants must show they are more likely than not to be granted the status, rather than a ‘significant possibility’ they could qualify — meaning fewer applicants would get a chance to make their case. Many may not even make it to the initial screening, as citizens from a number of countries are effectively blocked from seeking asylum. [...] Those who do manage to make it to a port of entry and who do pass the initial screening would be met with another round of limitations placed on existing asylum protections.” [The Hill, [5/10/23](#)]

The Bill Would Limit Justifications For Asylum To Those Fleeing As A Targeted “Social Group” And Political Persecution Based On Challenges To A State’s Leadership. “The bill narrows protections for those fleeing from political persecution as well as those who are targeted as members of a ‘social group,’ a category that can be used for those persecuted due to their sexuality. The legislation would grant asylum only to those whose political activity is a challenge to current state leadership rather than a cause in general, meaning that women in Saudi Arabia pushing for the expansion of women’s rights but uninterested in overthrowing the monarchy would not qualify.” [The Hill, [5/10/23](#)]

- **For Example, Women In Saudi Arabia Persecuted For Advocacy For Women’s Equality But Uninterested In Challenging The Saudi Monarchy Would Not Qualify For Asylum.** “The bill narrows protections for those fleeing from political persecution as well as those who are targeted as members of a ‘social group,’ a category that can be used for those persecuted due to their sexuality. The legislation would grant asylum only to those whose political activity is a challenge to current state leadership rather than a cause in general, meaning that women in Saudi Arabia pushing for the expansion of women’s rights but uninterested in overthrowing the monarchy would not qualify.” [The Hill, [5/10/23](#)]

The Bill Would Deny Asylum To Those Seeking Refuge From Unfair Laws That Are “Infrequently Enforced” – Leaving Ambiguity For Laws Enforced Rarely Or Selectively Against Minorities. “It also would deem someone eligible for asylum if they violate laws that are ‘unenforced or infrequently enforced’ unless they can demonstrate that they could be personally impacted by it. Reichlin-Melnick said while that language appears to guard against an applicant seeking to use an obscure law to gain asylum protections, it’s written so broadly it could present hurdles for a number of groups. ‘What does it mean for a law to be frequently enforced? Well, what if you are a small ethnic minority? How can a law be frequently enforced against your group if there’s only a handful?’ he asked. He also pointed to a recently passed law in Uganda that makes homosexuality illegal and calls for the death penalty in some cases. Under the bill, a Ugandan national would need to show ‘credible evidence that such a law or policy has been or would be applied to the applicant personally.’” [The Hill, [5/10/23](#)]

- **For Example, It Is Unclear Whether The Bill Would Deny Asylum To Those Fleeing From A Law Potentially Subjecting LGBT Ugandans To The Death Penalty If They Could Not Prove It Would Apply To Them Personally.** “It also would deem someone eligible for asylum if they violate laws that are ‘unenforced or infrequently enforced’ unless they can demonstrate that they could be personally impacted by it. Reichlin-Melnick said while that language appears to guard against an applicant seeking to use an obscure law to gain asylum protections, it’s written so broadly it could present hurdles for a number of groups. ‘What does it mean for a law to be frequently enforced? Well, what if you are a small ethnic minority? How can a law be frequently enforced against your group if there’s only a handful?’ he asked. He also pointed to a recently passed law in Uganda that makes homosexuality illegal and calls for the death penalty in some cases. Under the bill, a Ugandan national would need to show ‘credible evidence that such a law or policy has been or would be applied to the applicant personally.’” [The Hill, [5/10/23](#)]

HR 2 Would Prohibit The DHS From Using “Eligibility Criteria Describing An Entire Class Of Potential Parole Recipients” Of Entry Into The U.S. “The House bill (Title VII) would severely limit an administration’s ability to use parole to allow into the United States individuals in need of humanitarian protection. The language in the House bill prohibits the Secretary of Homeland Security from using ‘eligibility criteria describing an entire class of potential parole recipients.’” [Forbes, [5/10/23](#)]

Parole In Immigration Law Is Distinct From Parole In Criminal Justice – It Allows Noncitizens To Be Granted U.S Entry Without Existing Legal Basis, Including Due To Humanitarian Crises. “Under U.S. immigration law, the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) has discretion to grant ‘parole’ to certain noncitizens to allow them to enter or temporarily remain in the United States for specific reasons. Parole under immigration law is very different than in the criminal justice context. This fact sheet explains the nature of parole, how parole requests are considered, who may qualify, and what parole programs currently exist. What is Parole? The Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) authorizes the Secretary of Homeland Security to exercise discretion to temporarily allow certain noncitizens to physically enter or remain in the United States if they are applying for admission but do not have a legal basis for being admitted. DHS may only grant parole if the agency determines that there are urgent humanitarian or significant public benefit reasons for a person to be in the United States and that person merits a favorable exercise of discretion. Grants of parole are made for limited periods of time, often to accomplish a discrete purpose, and individuals are typically expected to depart the United States when the authorized period expires unless another form of status or relief is conferred.” [American Immigration Council, [1/10/23](#)]

Parole Programs For Cuba, Venezuela, Haiti, And Nicaragua Reduced Illegal Immigration By Allowing Immigrants To Enter The U.S. With An American Sponsor Rather Than Crossing The Border Illegally. Parole programs for Cuba, Venezuela, Haiti and Nicaragua were the primary target of House Republicans in restricting the use of parole. However, Border Patrol data show these parole programs have been effective in reducing illegal entry. ‘In January 2023, as a way to provide legal pathways, the Biden administration announced parole programs for up to 30,000 individuals a month from Cuba, Haiti, Nicaragua and Venezuela to enter the United States with a U.S. sponsor,’ noted a recent NFAP report. ‘The parole programs produced dramatic results and almost unprecedented effectiveness in reducing illegal entry as measured by encounters with Border Patrol agents.’” [Forbes, [5/10/23](#)]

- **The Number Of Border Patrol Encounters At The Southwest Border Decreased By 95 Percent For Immigrants Of Countries In The Parole Programs.** “The number of Border Patrol encounters at the Southwest border declined by 95% for Cuba, Haiti, Nicaragua and Venezuela as a group between December 2022 and March 2023. Border Patrol encounters for all other countries not in the parole programs increased by 15% during this period. The parole policies represented a humane alternative to forcing individuals to seek protection by entering through dangerous routes between ports of entry because legal access to the United States is blocked.” [Forbes, [5/10/23](#)]
- **Ending Parole Programs Would Also Prevent War Victims, Including Ukrainians Under The Uniting For Ukraine Program, To Receive Parole In The Future.** “Under Uniting for Ukraine, Americans have sponsored more than 200,000 Ukrainians who have fled Russia’s invasion, primarily Ukrainian women and children. The Biden administration also paroled thousands of Afghans into the United States after the fall of Kabul. The new restrictions in the House bill would prevent a repeat of such efforts, even though hundreds of thousands of Americans are eager to help people in unfortunate circumstances. A House source confirmed the bill would cut off future parole programs for war victims. Current parolees would be forced to leave the United States after their parole expires. They would only be allowed to renew once for a year (Section 701). Ukrainians (and other parolees) could only stay if they were approved for a different immigration status. It would be challenging for many Ukrainians to obtain asylum under current law, and the House bill makes it more difficult for anyone to be approved for asylum.” [Forbes, [5/10/23](#)]

The Bill Would Also End The Use Of A CBP App For Asylum Seekers To Schedule Appointments, Forcing Them To Instead Present Themselves At The Border Or Point Of Entry, Increasing Unlawful Entry. The bill (Section 122) would also end using the CBP One app for asylum applicants to schedule an appointment at a port of entry. The alternative to applying for asylum at a port of entry is for individuals to cross the border and present themselves. Banning the use of the app, as the bill does, would almost certainly increase unlawful entry, as would ending the parole programs.” [Forbes, [5/10/23](#)]

HR 2 Would Not Increase The Number Of Immigration Judges To Address A Backlog Of Cases

HR 2 Would Not Increase Numbers Of Asylum Officers Or Immigration Judges. “While some elements of the proposed legislation might prove effective and helpful, like additional investments in personnel and technology at ports of entry, the bill’s enforcement-only focus and failure to address lawful pathways is deeply flawed. The bill’s overarching focus on physical barriers and deterrence measures — but not increased numbers of asylum officers or immigration judges — presents a vision of the U.S.’s southern border where people fleeing violence and persecution would be quickly removed, without meaningful access to protection.” [National Immigration Forum, [5/8/23](#)]

A Shortage Of Immigration Judges Leaves Migrants In Legal Limbo And Has Created A Backlog Of More Than Two Million Cases. “President Biden’s attempt to deal efficiently with a new surge of migration following the end of Title 42 pandemic restrictions has focused new attention on a severe shortage of judges, the result of longstanding neglect that has overwhelmed the immigration court system with a backlog of more than two million cases. The court system is riddled with yearslong delays and low morale as a work force of about 650 judges struggles to keep up with the volume of immigration cases, leaving undocumented immigrants who have long waited in the United States in limbo.” [New York Times, [5/12/23](#)]

New York City Faced A Shortage Of Immigration Judges. “While an abrupt shift in the federal administration’s immigration policy has slowed down the daily arrival of migrants, more than 21,000 people are already in New York City and many hope to gain legal status through the asylum process. They will join a line that already includes about 180,000 pending cases in New York State immigration courts, which are handled by 88 judges. [...] Mr. Marku said he’s never seen the city’s immigration courts as busy in his 27-year career as an immigration attorney. ‘They don’t have enough judges, they don’t have enough government attorneys, they don’t have the support staff to get it done,’ he said.” [New York Times, [11/3/22](#)]

- **November 2022: New York Times Headline: “Migrants Encounter ‘Chaos And Confusion’ In New York Immigration Courts”** [New York Times, [11/3/22](#)]

April 2023: LiPetri Backed Republicans’ Hyperpartisan Efforts To Cut Federal Spending Across The Board, Which Would Have Limited Veterans’ Access To Health Care, Cut Nutritional Services And Schools, And Left Half A Million Americans Uninsured

April 2023: LiPetri Said He Supported “Qualifications And Conditions” On Government Spending Like Those Proposed By The House In Their Debt Limit Bill. LiPETRI: “The House of Representatives is trying to say, hey, before we raise this debt ceiling, we want some qualifications on here, that you can’t just purposefully spend here, you can’t just keep going off the charts. It’s in essence as if a parent gave a child a credit card. And now the child has maxed out that credit card, now you’re going to be saying, okay, I’m just going to go increasing my maximum while you keep spend, spend, spend, spend without any care, so instead, this is what the House of Representatives is saying, is that instead if we’re going to raise this debt ceiling, I’m going to limit how much you can spend here, how much you can go out there, how much you can put towards charging your card to X, Y, and Z, et cetera. The United States Senate and Biden, they want a clean raise. They want it where the kid, as the kid who says, mommy, daddy, I want another five thousand or ten thousand or a hundred thousand so therefore you guys just say yes and then we can keep doing what we’re doing. So you decide what you think is the right course of

action, naturally, I think there should always be some qualifications and conditions because you can't just keep doing the same thing and expecting different results." [Mike LiPetri Show, 3:17, [4/30/23](#)] (AUDIO)

April 2023: House Republicans Voted To Suspend The Debt Limit Through March 2024 Or Until \$1.5 Trillion Has Been Reached And Capping Federal Spending For FY 2024 At 2022 Levels With A Capped 1% Per Year Growth. In April 2023, 217 House Republicans voted for: "Passage of the bill, as amended, that would suspend the statutory limit on federal debt through March 31, 2024, or until an additional \$1.5 trillion has been borrowed — whichever occurs first. It would also include a range of provisions to limit federal spending, as well as the text of a previously passed energy and permitting policy package. The bill would set base discretionary spending limits through fiscal 2033, capping spending for fiscal 2024 at the fiscal 2022 level of \$1.47 trillion — a reduction from current spending levels — and raising the cap by 1 percent annually through fiscal 2033. It would also include similar annual cap adjustments for specified programs, including for wildfire suppression, disability reviews and redeterminations, health care fraud and abuse control, and disaster reemployment services and eligibility assessments. The bill would rescind unobligated amounts from various funds provided by the fiscal 2022 reconciliation package (PL 117-169) for COVID-19 relief, IRS enforcement, and certain climate- and infrastructure-focused initiatives, as well as all unobligated funding from the March 2021 coronavirus relief reconciliation package (PL 117-2) and earlier coronavirus response laws. The bill would expand or establish work requirements for Medicaid beneficiaries aged 19 to 55 and raise from 49 to 55 the oldest age at which existing work requirements would apply for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program beneficiaries. It would also modify various work standards for the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program, including to update the baseline for calculating certain state workforce participation standards and require states to collect certain data related to work outcomes for TANF participants. To limit regulatory spending, the bill would nullify pending executive actions suspending student loan payments and prohibit the Education Department from implementing any substantially similar actions without congressional approval. It would also establish a process to require congressional approval of all "major" federal rules that would have an annual impact of at least \$100 million, cause a major increase in prices, or cause significant adverse effects to economic competitiveness. Among energy- and climate-focused provisions, the bill would repeal, phase out or narrow a variety of climate-focused tax credits under the fiscal 2022 reconciliation package, including repealing new credits for solar and wind projects, sustainable aviation fuel and clean fuel production. It would also include the full text of the House-passed energy and permitting package (HR 1) that would require a number of actions to boost the domestic production of fossil fuels and certain critical minerals and accelerate the construction of natural gas pipelines and other energy infrastructure, while reversing or repealing certain presidential actions taken and laws enacted during the Biden administration related to energy policy and climate change." The bill passed by a vote of 217-215. [H.R. 2811, [Vote #199](#), 4/26/23; CQ, [4/26/23](#)]

- **HEADLINE: "GOP-Led House Passes Bill To Hike Debt Limit And Slash Spending."** [CBS News, [4/26/23](#)]
- **New York Times: The Republican Debt Limit Bill Did Not Include Many Specifics On What Government Spending Would Be Cut.** "Their bill, which would raise the country's borrowing limit for a year in exchange for a decade of spending reductions, does not include many specifics. It achieves most of its savings with spending caps for discretionary spending — the part of the budget allocated annually by Congress that is not automatic like Social Security payments — but it doesn't say what discretionary programs should be cut and which ones should be spared." [New York Times, [5/8/23](#)]
- **The House Republican Debt Limit Plan Was Expected To Force 22% In Cuts Across The Federal Government.** "The legislation Congressional Republicans introduced sets overall appropriations for Fiscal Year 2024 at the same level as FY 2022. At this level, all appropriated funding—including both defense and domestic programs—would be cut deeply. However, Congressional Republicans have indicated that they are not willing to cut defense funding at all, which means that everything else in annual appropriations—from cancer research, to education, to veterans' health care—would be cut by much more. The math is simple, but unforgiving. At their proposed topline funding level—and with defense funding left untouched as Republicans

have proposed—everything else is forced to suffer enormous cuts. In fact, their bill would force a cut of 22 percent—cuts that would grow deeper and deeper with each year of their plan.” [The White House, [4/20/23](#)]

- **Cutting Federal Spending By 22% Meant 31 Million Fewer Veteran Outpatient Visits And 81,000 Layoffs Across The Veterans Health Administration, Leaving Vets Vulnerable.** “Cutting funding by 22 percent would mean 30 million fewer veteran outpatient visits, and 81,000 jobs lost across the Veterans Health Administration—leaving veterans unable to get appointments for care including wellness visits, cancer screenings, mental health services, and substance use disorder treatment.” [The White House, [4/20/23](#)]
- **Recouping Unspent Pandemic Aid Was Expected To Take Away Billions From The VA That Would Limit The Availability Of Healthcare Services For Veterans.** “Democrats are jumping on the House GOP plan to recoup unspent pandemic aid in their debt limit bill, charging that the move will harm agencies counting on that funding, including the Department of Veterans Affairs. [...] But few issues carry the political resonance as potential cuts to veterans benefits, and Democrats have been aiming their fire particularly at over \$2 billion sitting in VA health accounts that the debt limit bill would cancel. Rescinding that money would “dramatically limit the ability for VA to provide healthcare services both within and outside of VA by clawing back needed funding for medical care,” according to the Democrats' memo.” [Roll Call, [4/25/23](#)]
- **Cutting Federal Spending By 22% Was Expected To Negatively Impact 25 Million Low Income Students And 7.5 Million Students With Disabilities.** “A 22 percent cut would impact 25 million students in schools that teach low-income students and 7.5 million students with disabilities, which could force a reduction of up to 108,000 teachers, aides or other key staff.” [The White House, [4/20/23](#)]
- **Cutting Federal Spending By 22% Was Expected To Take Away Nutrition Services For More Than A Million Seniors.** “A 22 percent cut would take away nutrition services, such as Meals on Wheels, from more than 1 million seniors. For many of these seniors, these programs provide the only healthy meal they receive on any given day.” [The White House, [4/20/23](#)]
- **The Republican Debt Limit Plan Was Expected To Leave Over Half A Million Of The Poorest Americans Without Health Insurance.** “More than a half million of the poorest Americans could be left without health insurance under legislation passed by House Republicans that would require people to work in exchange for health care coverage through Medicaid. It's one of dozens of provisions tucked into a GOP bill that would allow for an increase in the debt limit but curb government spending over the next decade. The bill is unlikely to become law, though. It is being used by House Republicans to draw Democrats to the negotiating table and avoid a debt default.” [ABC News, [4/30/23](#)]
- **The Republican Debt Limit Plan Was Expected To Cause Over 275,000 Americans A Month To Lose Access To Food Stamps.** “House Republicans passed a debt ceiling bill last week with a provision to enact new work requirements for those seeking federal assistance, claiming the measure would help cut federal spending. The Congressional Budget Office (CBO), a nonpartisan agency, said last week that the stricter work requirements proposed by the House GOP would reduce federal spending by \$120 billion over the next decade, a small portion of the roughly \$4.8 trillion in savings the bill would generate. About 600,000 Americans would lose health insurance, while about 275,000 Americans a month would lose access to food stamps, the CBO said.” [Time, [5/1/23](#)]
- **Republican Spending Cuts Were Expected To Cut Cancer Research, Nutritional Assistance For Poor Mothers And Infants, And The Social Security Administration Employees By More Than Half.** “The charts above show how exempting big categories of spending would make the budget caps more draconian. Universal discretionary caps would cut spending by an average of 18 percent over a decade, compared with what's expected if current levels grew according to inflation. But with defense, veterans' care and homeland security exempted, the caps would result in cutting the rest of the discretionary budget by more than half. Defense is the largest category of discretionary spending in the budget. Veterans' health care is the second

largest. The programs that would be subject to such deeper cuts include nutrition assistance for poor mothers and infants, air traffic control, the State Department, cancer research and Social Security Administration employees.” [New York Times, [5/8/23](#)]

- **The Debt Limit Bill Repealed Tax Incentives For Renewable Energy And Toughened Work Requirements For Antipoverty Programs, Including Medicaid.** “The U.S. House of Representatives on Wednesday narrowly passed a bill to raise the government's \$31.4 trillion debt ceiling that includes sweeping spending cuts over the next decade. [...] The House bill would increase Washington's borrowing authority by \$1.5 trillion or until March 31, whichever comes first, raising the specter of another round of negotiations during the 2024 presidential campaign. The bill would pare spending to 2022 levels and then cap growth at 1% a year, repeal some tax incentives for renewable energy and stiffen work requirements for some antipoverty programs. [...] The overnight changes removed a provision that would have ended a tax credit for biofuels that was part of Biden's climate change initiatives in the 2022 Inflation Reduction Act. Bending to the far-right wing of the party, Republicans also accelerated some new, tougher work requirements for receiving Medicaid healthcare benefits for the poor, angering Democrats.” [Reuters, [4/27/23](#)]
- **The Debt Limit Bill Cut Unspent COVID-19 Relief Funds, Revoked Internal Revenue Service Funding, And Tightened Work Requirements For Medicaid And Food Stamp Recipients.** “The House on Wednesday passed a bill that would raise the debt ceiling and slash trillions of dollars in government spending, delivering House Speaker Kevin McCarthy a victory in his efforts to pressure the White House to begin negotiations ahead of a fast-approaching deadline to avoid a default. [...] The House voted 217 to 215 to pass the Limit, Save, Grow Act of 2023, with all but four Republican members voting in favor. The House GOP's plan would freeze spending at levels adopted in fiscal year 2022 and cap future federal spending increases at 1% annually for the next decade. It also claws back unspent federal COVID-19 relief funds, revokes some of the \$80 billion for the Internal Revenue Service included in the Inflation Reduction Act and tightens the work requirements for Medicaid and food stamp recipients.” [CBS News, [4/26/23](#)]
- **Recouping Unspent Pandemic Aid Was Expected To Revoke Billions From The Department Of Transportation For Highway, Aviation And Transit Agencies.** “Democrats are jumping on the House GOP plan to recoup unspent pandemic aid in their debt limit bill, charging that the move will harm agencies counting on that funding, including the Department of Veterans Affairs. [...] Almost \$6 billion would come out of unspent Transportation Department funds for highway, aviation and transit agencies. ‘Rescinding this funding would eliminate critical resources for mayors and governors to keep their airports open, trains running, and buses operating to get their essential workers to and from their jobs to keep our economy and people alive,’ the Democrats' memo states.” [Roll Call, [4/25/23](#)]
- **U.S. Department Of Transportation Reported The Republican Budget Cut Proposal Would Shut Down 375 Air Traffic Control Towers And Result In 7,500 Fewer Rail Safety Inspection Days.** “The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) on Wednesday said a Republican budget cut proposal would shut down 375 federally-staffed and contract-run air traffic control towers around the country and result in 7,500 fewer rail safety inspection days. Overall, it said the Republican plan, which would sharply reduce budget spending in exchange for a short-term increase in the debt ceiling, would reduce funding for U.S. transit and highway infrastructure projects by nearly \$5.2 billion. The White House has said President Joe Biden would veto the legislation, and has called on Congress to raise the debt limit without conditions. President Biden and his administration have pushed back hard against the proposal from Republican House of Representatives Speaker Kevin McCarthy, which would implement \$4.5 trillion in spending cuts with a \$1.5 trillion increase in the \$31.4 trillion U.S. debt limit.” [Reuters, [4/26/23](#)]
- **The Debt Limit Bill Rolled Back Student Loan Debt Forgiveness And Climate Provisions From The Inflation Reduction Act.** “The House on Wednesday passed a bill that would raise the debt ceiling and slash trillions of dollars in government spending, delivering House Speaker Kevin McCarthy a victory in his efforts to pressure the White House to begin negotiations ahead of a fast-approaching deadline to avoid a default. [...]

The bill rolls back some of the president's signature policies, including his plan to forgive up to \$20,000 in student loan debt — two challenges to the debt relief program are pending before the Supreme Court — and climate provisions enacted through the Inflation Reduction Act, Democrats' signature health care, tax and climate package.” [CBS News, [4/26/23](#)]

LiPetri Served One Term In The New York Assembly, Lost A Congressional Primary, Then Became A Lobbyist

2018 – 2020: LiPetri Served One Term In The New York Assembly, Then Decided To Run For Congress Instead Of Assembly Reelection

2018: LiPetri Was Elected To The New York Assembly In His First Run For Public Office. “Her opponent, Republican Mike LiPetri, 28, is an attorney from South Farmingdale who is making his first run for office. He declined to talk to the editorial board.” [Newsday, Editorial Board, [10/17/18](#); New York Board of Elections, Election Results, [11/6/18](#)]

January 1, 2020: LiPetri Filed To Run For Congress In NY-02. [FEC, Statement of Organization, filed [1/1/20](#)]

June 2020: LiPetri Lost The NY-02 Primary To Andrew Garbarino By 27.5 Points. [New York Board of Elections, Election Results, [11/6/18](#)]

2020: LiPetri Chose Not To Run Again For His State Assembly Seat. “One-term incumbent Mike LiPetri chose not to run again. He lost in the Republican primary to Andrew Garbarino to replace longtime Congressman Peter King in the 2nd District. The candidates in this race are Ann Brancato (D/WF) and Michael Durso (R/L/C/I). District covers mainly Suffolk, but spills over into the south portion of the Town of Oyster Bay.” [Farmingdale Observer, [10/11/20](#)]

2021: LiPetri Became A Lobbyist

January 2021 – Present: LiPetri Was A Managing Director At Park Strategies

January 2021 – Present: LiPetri Was A Managing Director At Park Strategies, According To His LinkedIn. [Mike LiPetri, LinkedIn, accessed [8/27/24](#)]



[Mike LiPetri, LinkedIn, accessed [8/27/24](#)]

2021 – Present: LiPetri Lobbied New York Governments

2021 – 2024: LiPetri Lobbied New York Governments For Nonprofit And Private Sector Clients. [New York State Commission on Ethics and Lobbying in Government, Lobbyist Search, accessed [8/27/24](#)]

LiPetri New York Lobbying Disclosures			
Time Period	Principal Lobbyist	Individual Lobbyists	Client

2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Michael LiPetri	North Merrick Fruits Inc. (DBA Pat's Farms)
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Alfonse D'Amato Armand D'Amato Michael LiPetri	EGB Hospitality LLC
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Alfonse D'Amato Armand D'Amato Gregory Serio Lisa Marrello J. Wickham Michael LiPetri	The Nature Conservancy
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Armand D'Amato David Poletto Gregory Serio Kevin Bronner Michael LiPetri	Goldman Animal Alliance Inc.
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Armand D'Amato David Poletto Michael LiPetri	Nassau Health Care Corporation
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Michael LiPetri	Vantage Health Management Services, LLC
2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Alfonse D'Amato Armand D'Amato Michael LiPetri	Prophase Labs, Inc.
2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Michael LiPetri	Suffolk County PBA, Inc.
2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Park Strategies LLC	MV Transportation, Inc.
2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Park Strategies LLC	Vantage Health Management Services, LLC
2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Park Strategies LLC	Best LED Group
2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Alfonse D'Amato Armand D'Amato Michael Lipetri	Goldman Animal Alliance Inc.
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Fred Hiffa Michael Lipetri	The Clam Bar Hamptons LLC
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Armand D'Amato Michael Lipetri	Best LED Group
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Alfonse D'Amato Armand D'Amato David Poletto Michael Lipetri	New York Fine Wine & Spirits, LLC
2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Alfonse D'Amato	Lifevac, LLC

		David Poletto Gregory Serio Michael Lipetri	
2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Alfonse D'Amato Armand D'Amato Michael Lipetri	Great Northern Fibers, LLC
2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Alfonse D'Amato Armand D'Amato Michael Lipetri	Paumanok Environmental Services LLC
2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato David Poletto Michael Lipetri	New World Technologies, Inc.
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Alfonse D'Amato Armand D'Amato Michael Lipetri	Great Northern Fibers, LLC
2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Armand D'Amato Jeffery Lovell David Poletto Joseph Rossi Michael Lipetri	Federation Of Organizations For The New York State Mentally Disabled, Inc.
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Armand D'Amato Jeffery Lovell David Poletto Joseph Rossi Michael Lipetri	Federation Of Organizations For The New York State Mentally Disabled, Inc.
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Fred Hiffa David Poletto Michael Lipetri	Terrago Technologies, Inc.
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Armand D'Amato Lisa Marrello Michael Lipetri	NADAP, Inc.
2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Armand D'Amato David Poletto Nick Barella Michael Lipetri	Gard Recycling, Inc.
2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Armand D'Amato David Poletto Nick Barella Michael Lipetri	Gard Recycling, Inc.
2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Alfonse D'Amato Armand D'Amato Michael Lipetri	Trellus, Inc.

2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato David Poletto Michael Lipetri	Suffolk County PBA, Inc.
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Alfonse D'Amato Armand D'Amato Jeffery Lovell Lisa Marrello J. Wickham Michael Lipetri	Kinexion, Inc.
2021 - 2022	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Alfonse D'Amato Armand D'Amato William MCGahay Ryan Moses David Poletto Gregory Serio Nick Barella Lisa Marrello John Bove Kevin Bronner Michael Lipetri	Genesys Cloud Services, Inc.
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Alfonse D'Amato Armand D'Amato Michael Lipetri	Trellus, Inc.
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Alfonse D'Amato Armand D'Amato Michael Lipetri	MV Transportation, Inc.
2023 - 2024	Park Strategies LLC	Christopher Damato Armand D'Amato Gregory Serio Lisa Marrello John Bove J. Wickham Michael Lipetri	Altera Digital Health Inc.

[New York State Commission on Ethics and Lobbying in Government, Lobbyist Search, accessed [8/27/24](#)]

2023: LiPetri Was A Federal Lobbyist

2023: LiPetri Lobbied The House Of Representatives And Senate On Behalf Of Catholic Health Services Of Long Island. [Clerk of the House of Representatives, Lobbying Report, filed [5/3/23](#)]

LiPetri Lobbied For “Community Project Funding and Congressionally Directed Spending Requests In Support Of Catholic Health Initiatives In The Labor/HHS/Education Appropriations Bill.” [Clerk of the House of Representatives, Lobbying Report, filed [5/3/23](#)]